LONDON HOSPITAL
COUGH CURE
— AT —
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Victoria Daily Times.

THE GREAT ENGLISH
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VOL. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, FEB. 23, 1891. No. 48

ESTABLISHED 1864 — NE CEDE MALIS — TRADE MARK

THE TURKS have good coffee to drink, and hence drink no liquor. In pure coffee is all the stimulus the human system needs. It warms and strengthens the body; it invigorates the mind, and cheers the spirit when oppressed by overwork or worry. Coffee is the temperance beverage of mankind. We have but one seal, and this is it. Remember what it stands for, CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA. Buy no other.

FOR SALE BY
H. SAUNDERS, HUDSON'S BAY CO.
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J. HUTCHESON & CO.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
145 DOZ.

Westside Maltese

KID GLOVES

WITH PATENTED STUD FASTENINGS.

PRICE, PLAIN.....$1.25
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OUR GUARANTEE.

Should any customer return to us a pair not being as represented, or unsatisfactory in any particular, she will not have to wait or argue about it. We will give back the money or another pair.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
Fe23-tf

WEILER BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO JOHN WEILER,
have Complete Lines in the following Goods:

FURNITURE, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, CROCKERY,
LINOLEUMS, GLASSWARE,
CUTLERY.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Show Rooms 51 to 55 Fort st.; Factory Humboldt st.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.
(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, or to EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,
P. O. Box 1,311x Seattle. 1029-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C

TORIES ONLY READ THIS.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS AS LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

A List of Manufacturers Who are Opposing the Protectionists—Two Conservative Papers in Lincoln Support a Liberal Candidate on Account of Reciprocity.

(Special to the TIMES.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—Since writing on Saturday regarding manufacturers in the field for the Liberals, it may be said, in addition to those mentioned, there are Carruthers, of South Grenville, who is the proprietor of a very large wheel manufacturing company at Prescott. Doran and Leidlaw, of Hamilton, both extensive manufacturers, the former being in the vinegar business and ex-mayor of the town, and the latter a stoves manufacturer. Gibson, of Lincoln is also a manufacturer. In Lincoln two Conservative newspapers support Gibson on the grounds of his stand on unrestricted reciprocity, against Neelon, the Tory candidate. Along the Kingston and Pembroke railway, mine owners are almost idle owing to the high duty. Robt. Taylor, boot and shoe manufacturer, and W. C. Silver, the largest producers in Nova Scotia; James Manchester, H. D. Troop and J. P. McIntyre, St. John, N. B., besides Miller in Montreal, and several others in Toronto, have all telegraphed the press that they are heart and soul for reciprocity. Mr. Patterson, of Brant, has got the solid support of the Brantford manufacturers. So far I do not know of one manufacturer a Tory candidate, and the only support given that party is from cotton lords and sugar combines.

IN THE ICY WATERS

Of Georgia's Gulf, Maxwell Hall Meets his Death.

News reached Victoria on Saturday evening, that Mr. Maxwell Hall, lately employed on the steamer Islander as second steward, had been drowned in the Gulf of Geogia.

The deceased was on his way to Messrs Heathorn & Richardson's mill at West bay, where he had made arrangements for employment, when he fell overboard from the steamer Saturna and was drowned. He was a splendid swimmer, but it is stated that when a boat was lowered to rescue him, it was found that there were no rowlocks in it, and consequently the young man perished, as the boat could not be brought to his assistance, and he sank in a few minutes, being unable to keep afloat in the icy water.

The deceased was about 27 years of age, and came here from Guelph, Ont. He had been here about a year and was a very popular young man.

BELIEVE IN FREE TRADE.

Working Men a Unit in its Favor—Manufacturers Endorse It.

Dozens and dozens of working men have been asked by TIMES reporters today what their opinions were concerning free trade relations with the United States. In every case the answer amounted to the same thing. All were of the same idea—that too much was paid to the Government in the way of duties on the necessaries of every day life. Several manufacturers and producers were also spoken to on the subject.

Mr. Chas. Wilson, of Wilson Bros., foundry-men and machinists, said that free trade would mean a lot more work. He would defy the shops in the States or any other country to do work any cheaper than his firm, provided the exorbitant duties were removed. "It was bad enough," said he, "when only $2 a ton on pig iron was collected. Now it is $4. Free trade would be better."

Ald. J. Robertson, the well known blacksmith and boilermaker, said that when Victoria was a free port there was plenty of work for smiths. Now the almost prohibitive duty of $10 or $14 per ton on bar and plate iron had been the means of stopping a lot of work. To his mind free trade was required. "The present government have been there long enough," said he.

Mr. M. Humber, the brickmaker and contractor, did not think reciprocity would hurt his business much. In fact he favored a reduction of duty on flour, and believed natural products should be free in all cases. Complete and free trade relations in the way of commercial union was desirable.

Mr. A. A. Clayton, manufacturing jeweler, M. King, the logger, and many others declared in favor of free trade.

Tory Loyalty.

Tory loyalty shudders at the sight of every measure designed to relieve the people from the rule of the few, seeing in such reforms the destruction of British connection and often the ruin of the people themselves.

Of lectures on loyalty the Tories say "they come high, but we must have them." We get them from the Moncton Times, price $12,092; from the Halifax Mail and Herald, price $12,958; from the Toronto Empire, price $2,399; from the Ottawa Citizen, price $3,351; St. John Sun, price over $15,000. There are also deliverances on loyalty from the manufacturers' association, east and west. The gentlemen of these associations believe that it is loyal to tax up to the topmost notch the British goods which compete with theirs, but exceedingly disloyal to admit free of duty the American goods which compete with theirs. This loyalty being a rare and curious brand, is exceedingly expensive to the people of Canada. Finally we have Mr. Rykert declaring that the country must be saved from annexation. Mr. Rykert's name will be found appended to a document containing these words:—"Received from John Adams thirty-five thousand dollars in cash by drafts on the bank of Montreal, and four notes of Louis Sands for thirty-nine thousand two hundred dollars, payable in one and two years."

ANNIVERSARIES.

Important Events Which Transpired on This Day—A Historical Reminder.

FEBRUARY, 22nd.

Born—Washington, 1732.
James Russell Lowell, 1819.
Died—Americus Vespuccius, 1512.
Jean Corot (painter) 1875.
Rev. Sydney Smith, 1845.
John Jacob Astor, 1890.
Bradlaugh expelled, 1882.
French descent on Wales, 1797.
First Republican convention at Pittsburg, 1858.
First National Prohibition Convention, 1872.
Washington, Montana, North and South Dakota admitted as States, 1889.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Keep your eye on Myers' addition. *

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's. *

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

Go to Myers at 74 Yates and find out particulars about his addition. *

Steamship Costa Rica sailed from Esquimalt for San Francisco Saturday afternoon.

Myers' addition is a chance not often offered. *

The New Vancouver Coal Co., Friday, had an output of 2,250 tons, the largest on record.

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 52½ Government street, next bank of British Columbia. *

Hon. D. W. Higgins will entertain the members at dinner at his residence, Regents Park, to-morrow evening.

The time for receiving tenders for Mr. Jensen's hotel at the outer wharf has been extended till noon on Saturday 28th inst.

See notice of Myers' real estate sale. *

The United States meteorologist who has for several weeks past predicted cyclones from the westward of Vancouver Island, hit the mark Saturday evening.

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

The offices for the Bank of Montreal in the old bank of British Columbia building are being put in order, the fixtures formerly used by the Bank of B. B., being used by the new tenants.

While Mr. Robert Liddell was in Vancouver, the fire department gave an exhibition turn out. The hose cart went three blocks, laid hose and got water in one and three-quarters minutes. This time has been beaten by the Victoria boys, although it is quick.

Buy a lot in Myers' addition. *

Some elegant patterns of Brussels carpet for season 1891, just to hand, at Weiler Bros., successors to Jno. Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161; New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

Two carloads of new goods in Antique Oak furniture, just received at Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Alex. McBean, whose firm have the contract for building the sewers, arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning and is making preparations to commence work at the appointed time.

The Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association is prepared to pay SIX per cent. interest per annum on all deposits of 50 cents per month and upwards. Subscribe for shares at 46 Fort street. *

A choice lot of butter just received. Two pound fresh roll butter, one pound fresh Island butter pats. Also the choicest creamery Eastern Townships butter coming to this coast. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. Telephone 128.

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital. Office, corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

Ye Olde Folkes.

That large and commodious hall, the Lyceum, recently fitted up by Hon. A. DeCosmos, at the corner of Broad and Pandora streets, is to be opened on Wednesday evening by an entertainment which, if all those that follow will be like it, the hall will soon have a reputation for affording first class amusements. Ye Olde Folkes Concert is the entertainment and nothing but a success can be predicted when a glance is taken at the names of those who are to take part and which are advertised in another column.

Tourist's Spoons.

Very neat souveniers of Victoria for tourists are being manufactured by A. A. Clayton of the Diamond Palace, Government street. They are known as "tourists spoons." Each spoon has etched into its bowl the word "Victoria, B. C," while on the handle is engraved the coat of arms of the province. As mementoes of a visit to this city the articles will be of much attractiveness. It is also the intention of the maker to turn out smaller spoons, with the same engraving, but fitted as pins, this being a fad of the fashionable just now.

A MINING DISASTER.

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN MINERS LOSE THEIR LIVES.

An Appeal for Help from the Mayor of Halifax—One of the Most Awful Accidents in the History of Canada—Other Dispatches on Various Subjects.

HALIFAX, Feb. 22.—The following is an appeal by Mayor Hall to the public: "A mining disaster attended with fatal results, and one of the most awful in the history of Canadian miners has fallen upon the town, and the people of Spring Hall. The loss of life is probably as great as the combined appalling loss at the Drummond and Foord pit explosion. About 117 lives are known to have been lost. Fifty-one widows have been left behind and 157 children made fatherless. The widows and fatherless will require abundant assistance, and that promptly, from a public shocked at and horrified calamity. Seventy thousands dollars will be required to meet the demands, and alleviate the sufferings of the bereaved and distressed during the most pressing period of their direful misfortune."

In the Suez.

PORT SAID, Suez, Feb. 23.—The steamship Empress of India arrived here Sunday morning on time. The passengers disembarked for Cairo and the pyramids while the steamer was coaling and going through the canal. The steamer will wait at the other end of the Suez until the passengers arrive there, then she will leave for Colombo.

THE KAISER'S VOICE WAS THICK.

A Berlin dispatch says that the Kaiser drank an unusual quantity of wine before his speech to the Bradenberg Diet, and that his tones were a little thickened thereby. His allusion to Prussia's rise of greatness, without alluding to Bismarch, has caused much comment in Berlin. The Kaiser is said to be uneasy about the efforts of Russia to regain her old influence over Austria.

The Russian court put out much more effort to please Archduke Ferdinand than was displayed when the Kaiser visited the czar, and the Moscow Gazette in a seemingly inspired article declares: "Let Austria turn to Russia; let her freely express her wish to treat with Russia, and she will find in us a sympathy which will be of use to her under all circumstances."

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

E. V. Bodwell spent Sunday in Vancouver.

J. A. Fitzgerald and wife of Comox are at the Oriental.

J. Burton, Canadian manager of the New England Paper Co., is in the city.

Wm. Dalby and daughter were passengers for San Francisco this morning.

H. Bornstein and H. A. Lilley went to San Francisco by the City of Puebla this morning.

Capt. Wm. Powers, F. C. Cotton, M. P. P., H. F. Keefer and C. D. Rand, came down from Vancouver last evening.

L. R. Flowers, formerly editor and proprietor of the Port Townsend Call, and J. McQuarry spent yesterday in the city.

W. Sloan, one of Nanaimo's principal dry goods merchants, was in town yesterday on a business trip. He reports everything brisk at the Black Diamond city.

Miss Hind of the "Westside", left for San Francisco by the City of Puebla to-day on a business trip. She will return in about two weeks with the latest styles in dressmaking.

Drunks and Gamblers.

The north wind that blew through the Indian cabins on Herald street last evening seemed to have brought back to the inhabitants of that district their old craving for "square face." The consequence was that four individuals, two women and a man and the never to be forgotten Philip Chalk, displayed their faces in the police court dock this morning. The three Indians were treated alike, but Philip having been there so often took the privilege to ask for one week's time to pay the fine, which was granted.

Two Chinamen who were quietly engaged at a game of fan tan when Sergt. Walker dropped in on them on Saturday afternoon, were fined $20 and $2.50 costs. Besides the fine, however, the Chinamen lost a lot of gambling materials which were added to the police collection already large.

Victoria Suits Win.

Knowing that Victorians know how to arrange for a masquerade ball, a number of young folks from Port Angeles, when they were going to give one over there, came over here for their suits. They succeeded in getting five suits from A. A. Aaronson, every one of which took a prize. A lady dressed as a midshipman took the first lady's prize, and a grenadier guard the first gentleman's prize, both suits belonging to Mr. Aaronson.

Auction Sales.

In future will sell every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, at 7 p. m. Mortimer & Co., Auctioneer and Commissioned Sale Rooms, 122 Government street.

Offered To-day.

Lots in James Bay. Limited property. No better chancee for speculation.

Business property yielding a rental. No better investment.

Lots in new subdivisions within the city limits on very easy terms, which you can buy for good luck, or speculation, or for investment.

D. W. Morrow and Co., 60 Government street.

A ROUSING RALLY.

Hon. A. N. Richards' Speech—The Audience Favors Unrestricted Reciprocity.

Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., was the next speaker. He thought from the views expressed by both candidates that they were gentlemen perfectly competent to represent the people of Victoria city and district on the floor of the House of Commons (cheers). Mr. Richards referred to the wonderful advance made in England during the last 50 years under free trade, and if either Canada or the United States, or any of the colonies want to borrow money, they go to England which has rolled up vast wealth under her free trade policy, which she could never have done had she a high protective tariff. Under a protective policy both labor and material are high, living is higher, and manufacturers fail because they cannot compete in the markets of the world. A slight instance of this occurred a short time since, when the Dominion government wanted a revenue cutter to replace the Douglas. Did the people of British Columbia get the contract for building it (no)? No; the government sent off to Scotland for it (hear, hear). When she comes out she will be found to be a well built boat, no doubt, but if we had free trade here we would have been able to get the contract to build this ship. But we cannot compete with anyone. If the national policy is good for the manufactures of Canada, why did Sir John, on the cessation of the construction of the C. P. R., give the company the privilege of bringing in their plant and locomotives free of duty (cheers)? Why should he go back in the teeth of his policy if that policy is good for the country? Previous to 1874 when Sir John got into power on the high protection cry, he was in favor of a revenue tariff. The country was then working under 17½ per cent.; now we pay 35 per cent. Everyone was going to get rich under the N. P. (laughter), but the result was a decrease all round, in population and in manufactures. We pay enormous taxes, and the Government heaps up an enormous debt upon us in return. And further we are shut out of the American market. In Ontario and Quebec, both great agricultural countries, the policy of Sir John has not met with favor, and the farmers will try to get reciprocity with the United States. Sir John says—Don't send your goods two and a half miles away, but send them to England, 3000 miles off, pay the railways, wharfingers, steamship men and agents all their charges and you can have what is left (laughter). What shall we in this Province send to England? Coal? Now we here on Vancouver Island have the only coal worth anything on this coast—why can't we invite the people from the United States to come here and establish their foundries where they can get the coal and iron close together, and make this western slope the black country of Canada? Mr. Richards moved the following resolution:

Resolved, that this meeting favors unrestricted reciprocity with the United States of America, and pledges itself to support Messrs. Templeman and Marchant at the pending election.

The resolution was received with hearty cheers, and Mr. Richards said he felt sure the meeting could vote for the first part, as the people are satisfied that protection is not the policy for this country, and as we must have a change, the meeting could not do better than vote for the second part of the resolution. The fate of the government, it may so happen, will depend on the members returned from this city. Sir John's declaration that closer trade relations with the United States will bring annexation, has in it an admission that the protective policy is wrong, and that Canada will be so benefitted by reciprocity that she will look for closer union. But Canada can trade with the United States and still remain a portion of the British Empire (cheers). The cry of loyalty is unnecessary at this time. Has England in trading with the world lost her nationality? Canada will retain hers, for Mr. Richards believed she has no present intention of changing her allegiance. Some of our candidates are not afraid of losing their nationality by trading with the United States. Mr. Earle has a contract with a railway over in Seattle, (laughter) and no doubt Mr. Prior buys from the Americans when he can get cheaper rates (hear, hear).

Mr. West seconded the resolution in a few remarks.

Senator McInnes, although suffering from a severe cold, spoke to the resolution. It had been claimed by the Government subsidized press from Halifax to Victoria that if we obtain unrestricted reciprocity we shall have to submit to our tariff being framed at Washington instead of Ottawa. There is much that is absurd in this. Before the McKinley bill became law, there was scarcely a fraction of difference between the Canadian and United States traiff. It is unmistakable from the vote cast against the McKinley bill by the people of the United States that they were not in favor of the high tariff, and indications are that the bill will be repealed inside of twelve months (cheers), and that inside of five years the United States will be one of broadest free trade countries in the world (renewed cheers). It had been stated, also by the Tories, that if the people pronounce in favor of unrestricted reciprocity, England will withdraw her protection. What protection has Canada received from England for the last quarter of a century. This claim of the Tories is the greatest nonsense. There will never any difficulty arise between Canada and the States that cannot be honorably and amicably settled (cheers). After a few further remarks from Senator McInnes the resolution was put and carried almost unanimously, less than a dozen hands being raised against it out of the vast audience.

The gathering dispersed amid cheers for the Independent candidates.

LAURIER'S MANIFESTO.

THE LIBERAL LEADER'S ADDRESS TO THE ELECTORS.

Arraigning the Government on Its "Snap Verdict". Tactics—Sir John's Absurd Loyalty Cry, and Unrestricted Reciprocity—Other Facts for Voters.

To the Electors of Canada:

The parliament elected in 1887 and whose term was not to expire for a year has been permaturely dissolved. The electors of Canada are now hastily called to elect new representatives to the House of Commons.

The question before the people, and upon which they have to pronounce, are of vital importance, and upon these questions Her Majesty's loyal opposition appeals with great confidence to the sober judgment of the country.

To the issues which separate the Government and the Opposition another consideration is now added in respect to the manner in which parliament has been dissolved. This premature dissolution deserves the highest censure.

It is to be noticed that Sir John Macdonald in his manifesto just addressed by him to the electors of Canada, makes a strong appeal to the loyalty of the Canadian people, a totally uncalled for appeal, for in the present contest nothing is involved which in one way or another can affect the existing status of Canada.

But loyalty to the Crown of England would also and in no less a degree imply loyalty to those institutions which we have received from England and to which the people of this country have ever clung as embodying the best principles of government. I submit to the consideration of the people of Canada that if to the advisers of his Excellency the word 'loyalty' was anything but a sham they never would have advised his Excellency to dissolve Parliament, for they have thereby placed the Crown in the most painful position of having broken faith with the Commons and the people.

By the operation of the Franchise act the government have practically taken into their own hands the annual preparation of the lists which are to serve for the election of members to the House of Commons instead of using the lists prepared by the municipal authorities under provincial laws.

It is eminently desirable that the lists should be prepared and revised at least every year, for the obvious reason that thousands of electors are every year coming to manhood's estate and to the rights of citizenship.

During last session the government introduced a bill providing that the preparation of the list, which under the law was to take place in the month of June now past, should be dispensed with The reasons given for this course was that no general election was to take place before the revision of the lists in June of the present year. Upon the assurances thus given by the ministers of the crown, parliament agreed with the proposition, and thus the usual revision did not take plac. The consequence is that at this moment, when parliament is dissolved, thousands of electors who by law are qualified to vote will be denied the exercise of their right of suffrage.

Parliament never did the advisers of His Excellency the injury of supposing when they made the above proposition that the were not sincere. Had Parliament supposed that the pledge then given in the name of the Crown would be violated, that the electorate might be at any moment called upon to act, Parliament never would have agreed to the proposition of the government and would have insisted that the revision should take place as usual.

It is manifest that under such circumstances the power of dissolution should not have been advised except for the most cogent, sudden and imperative reasons. I will not dispute that if some extraordinary event had suddenly taken place which required the immediate judgment of the people, a dissolution might have taken place? No, not even in the opinion of the advisers of the Crown, and I charge it upon these men, ever prone to fasten upon their opponents the odium of disloyalty, that they have compelled the Crown to an act which in the motherland never would be tolerated.

I call the attention of the people of Canada to the fact that in the manifesto of the Prime Misister not a word is uttered, not the slightest attempt is made, to justify the course advised by him to the Crown, thus plainly showing that his position in this regard is absolutely untenable.

The power of dissolution of one of those powers which under the constitution rightly belong to the Crown, but which should be exercised only for adequate cause. Its present exercise is a blow at the Parliamentary system of government which no Prime Minister would have attempted in England, or which if, attempted would have been unanimously resented by the people.

We had been led to suppose by the Ministerial press that the dissolution was taking place with the view of consulting the Canadian people upon the advisability of sending commissioners to Washington for the purpose of attempting to negotiate a treaty for the reciprocal exchange of natural products between the two countries. Indeed, we have been informed that overtures in that respect had been made to the Imperial Government, yet, strange to say, of this not a word is to be found in the manifesto of the Prime Minister.

In this manifesto Sir John Macdonald appeals to the people on the merits of the N. P., and upon nothing else. Her Majesty's loyal Opposition accept the contest on this ground.

Sir John Macdonald asserts, and seems seriously to assert, that the N. P. has made the country prosperous, "that the manufacturing industries in our great centres have revived and multiplied, that the farmer has found a market, the artisan and laborer employment and good wages."

I take issue with the Prime Minister upon such statements. I characterize them as false in every particular. This controversy, without any argument, I leave to the dispassionate judgment of the electoral body, fully expecting that every artisan, every farmer who feels in his heart that the N. P. has done for him all that is here claimed would naturally vote for the continuation of such a blessing, while on the other hand every artisan who has to work on half time and at reduced wages in these so-called revived centres of industries, every farmer whose farm has been decreasing in value for the last ten years, would naturally be expected to vote for reform.

I arraign the N. P. upon every claim made in its behalf. I arraign it in this especially, that it was, in the language of its authors, to stop the course of emigration and give employment and good wages to every child in Canada, and that it has been in this respect not only a failure but a fraud.

It was stated in 1878 by Sir John Macdonald himself that there were half a million of Canadians in the United States, and now after eleven years of the N. P. the number has been swelled from a half million to a full million at the lowest estimate. Her Majesty's Opposition submit that such a state of things in a country of such immense resources as Canada is intolerable and that a reform is absolutely required.

The reform suggested is absolute reciprocal freedom of trade between Canada and the United States. The advantages of this policy we place upon this one consideration, that the producing power of the community is vastly in excess of its consuming, that as a consequence new markets have to be found abroad, and that our geographical position makes the great neighboring nation of 63,000,000 people of kindred origin our best market. Indeed, the advantages of this policy are so various that they are not denied, nor the statement of the same contradicted, but three objections are urged against it. It is asserted (a) that this policy would discriminate against England; (b) that it would make direct taxation unavoidable; and (c) that it is "veiled treason" and would lead to annexation.

(1) The charge that unrestricted reciprocity would involve discrimination against England cannot have much weight in the mouth of men whose policy was protection, whose object was to do away with the importation of English manufactured goods, whose object it was to destroy British trade to that extent. It is as well, however, to meet this charge squarely and honestly. It cannot be expected, it were folly to expect, that the interests of a colony should always be identical with the interests of the motherland. The day must come when, from no other cause than the development of national life in the colony, there must be a clashing of interests with the motherland, and in any such case, much as I would regret the necessity, I would stand by my native land. Moreover, the assertion that unrestricted reciprocity means discrimination against England involves the proposition that the Canadian tariff would have to be assimilated to the American tariff. I deny the propositions. Reciprocity can be obtained upon an assimilation of tariffs or upon the retention of its own tariff by each country. Reciprocity is a matter of agreement to be attained only by mutual concessions between the two countries. Should the concessions demanded from the people of Canada involve consequences injurious to their sense of honor or duty either to themselves or the motherland, the people of Canada would not have reciprocity at such a price; but to reject the idea of reciprocity in advance before a treaty has been made on account of consequences which can spring only from the existence of a treaty, is manifestly as illogical as it is unfair.

(2) Then it is stated that unrestricted reciprocity would be followed by such a loss of revenue as to necessitate the imposition of direct taxation. Again this a far off, hazy consequence to be pitted against an immediate result. The loss of revenue means a decrease of taxation to the extent of that loss. The equilibrium between revenue and expenditure could be naturally re-established by retrenchment in expenditure, and by redistributing taxation under the same methods as now obtain, and without inflicting any greater burden than is now borne by the people.

(3) The charge that unrestricted reciprocity is "veiled treason" is a direct and unworthy appeal to passion and prejudice. It is an unworthy appeal even when presented with the great authority of Sir John Macdonald's name. As to the consequent charge that unrestricted reciprocity would lead to annexation, if it means anything it means that unrestricted reciprocity would make the people so prosperous that, not satisfied with a commercial alliance, they would forthwith vote for political absorption in the American Republic. If this be not the true meaning implied in the charge, I leave it to every man's judgment that it is unintelligible upon any other ground.

The premature, uncalled-for, unjustified and unjustifiable dissolution of Parliament will force an imperfect electorate to pronounce upon a question which the Government, if they believe they are right, would have deemed it to thir advantage to see subjected to the amplest and fullest discussion. It also closes the door upon the investigation of grave charges reflecting severely on the administration of one of the great departments of State, and as to which any Government careful of its honor, or strong in the convictions of its innocence, would have courted early and full inquiry in the high court of the nation. The Opposition hold that the trade question in the present contest must take precedence of all others, and to the solution of the same on the basis above indicated they are prepared to give unflinching devotion until complete and final triumph.

Believing that no other reform can be effectually advocated and carried out so long as the economic condition of the people has not been placed upon the most satisfactory condition on the other questions still remaining unsolved, the policy of the Opposition remains on the broad lines laid down in former years. In the future, as in the past, it will strive to maintain the constitution in the spirit in which it was conceived, to perfect it where perfectable, to keep intect Provincial autonomy, and in every manner to promote harmony, good-will and good-fellowship between all races, all creeds and all classes in the land.

WILFRID LAURIER.

The best medical authorities say the proper way to treat catarrh is to take a constitutional remedy, like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.

Capital Paid Up, - £600,000—$3,000,000
[WITH POWER TO INCREASE.]
Reserve Fund, - - 200,000— 1,000,000

THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN

A Savings Bank Department

in connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES

JEWELLERY, SILVERWARE,

Clocks and Fancy Articles

CHEAP FOR CASH AT

DAVIDSON BROS.,

55 YATES STREET.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.

S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.

sept27-tf

CARMICHAEL & PATERSON

THE ONE PRICE

CASH BOOT & SHOE STORE

IS NOW OPEN.

Boots and Shoes, Trunks and Valises, etc.

Our entire Stock is New and Fresh, and marked in plain figures at Lowest Prices. A Call Solicited.

CARMICHAEL & PATERSON

35 Johnson Street, Next Door to Gilmore & McCandless

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

FRANK B. FENWICK,

TENOR VOCALIST.

Organist & Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church.

VOCAL TEACHER ANGELA COLLEGE.

TEACHER OF

Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.

VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.

TERMS MODERATE.

Residence, 142 Menzies Street, Victoria.

P. O. Box 448. no7-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL

81 TO 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

4 Minutes from Court House.

Both Plans.

Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up.

Restaurant by Company late Chicago Club chef

POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE.

Cut this out for further reference. fe19-1m

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BRADEN'S

COUGH CURE

THE GREAT

ENGLISH

Cough Remedy

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COUGHS

AND

COLDS

D. E. CAMPBELL,

Sole Manufacturer.

P. O. BOX 260.

TELEPHONE CALL 135.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

ESTABLISHED 1867,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

52 Government St., Victoria.

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C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS,

Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.

PARLORS { Corner Broad Street and Trounce Ave.

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OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

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DUCK LUNG,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Employment office and contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Elegant street, Victoria. P.O. box 457. dec 3m

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BOOT & SHOE

EMPORIUM

132 Government St., cor. Johnson

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraphic line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.

CHARLES WILSON,
fe2-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILLIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

FENCE POSTS

Split cedar fence posts for sale in small or large lots. Leave orders at SCOTCH BAKERY, 103 DOUGLAS ST. ja14-tm

THE PEERLESS THE CHAMPION

Weather Strips

Applied to doors and windows.

They stop the drafts.

They save the fuel.

They preserve the furniture.

They protect the health.

Sold and fitted by

J. P. BURGESS,

No. 10 Broughton St.

oct-3m

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb3tf

NEW ENGLISH SUITS JUST TO HAND.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

97 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA.

TILL 1st MARCH NEW! 10 p.c. DISCOUNT on OVERCOATS

A ROUSING RALLY

Thoroughly in Favor of Reciprocity.

The Independents' Splendid Ovation.

Their Views on the Question of Trade.

Templeman and Marchant Well Received.

Prior and Earle Haven't the Grit to Speak—The Meeting Almost Unanimous for Reciprocity—Seven Hundred to One in Favor of It—The Absurdity of Sir John's Loyalty cry Shown up.

The reception accorded the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, Saturday night was a thoroughly flattering and enthusiastic one. The theatre was packed from pit to dome, to use a theatrical expression, by a very intelligent audience; and that the general feeling was on the Independent side and closer trade relations with the UnitedStates was too apparent to be ignored. Messrs. Prior and Earle showed their good sense in this respect by not coming forward to address the meeting, although a cordial invitation was more than once extended to them by the chairman, his worship Mayor Grant.

The platform seats were occupied by Mayor Grant, Hon. A. N. Richards, Messrs. W. Templeman, W. Marchant, G. Berridge, Thomas Burnes, H. Howard, J. C. Blackett, W. E. Elliott, W. A. Robertson, B. West, M. Conlin, Senator McInnes, and others.

His worship Mayor Grant was voted to the chair, and he introduced the first speaker of the evening, Mr. Wm. Templeman, who on coming forward was received with warm cheering.

Mr. William Templeman felt that in announcing themselves as candidates for the House of Commons, Mr. Marchant and he might probably be considered somewhat presumptuous, considering that he, at all events, had not taken much interest personally in political affairs, and had not yet occupied any public position; so that in coming forward now it might be thought that they were looking a little too high (no). Now, they had been, so to speak, forced into this election. There has been a strong and a general feeling that it should not be permitted to go uncontested (applause). He thought, as others thought, that there should be a contest at this time, and thus they had offered themselves as Independent candidates in opposition to the candidates supporting Sir John A. Macdonald's Government. Sir John has dissolved parliament a year before the time, for the purpose of getting a snap verdict from the country in advance on the trade question. Perhaps they had no right to find fault with the Governor-General for having dissolved parliament at this time, but it was nevertheless an unfair exercise of a prerogative vested in him. The election, however, is on, and the great question before the people is reciprocity with the United States; reciprocity in natural products, as the Government put it, on the one hand, or unrestricted reciprocity, as the Liberal party put it, on the other. This is the issue. There were just one or two things to which he would refer to-night. One was the franchise act. The Government had dissolved parliament on the eve of the taking of the census, and this notwithstanding the promises of Sir John A. Macdonald himself, that there should be at least another session before parliament was dissolved. The franchise act, as it now stands, was the worst measure ever passed by the Dominion government (applause). The speaker was prepared to say that there were 500 men in Victoria who were eligible to be voters, but who are not through this act. Previous to 1885, when the Franchise act was passed, we had the various acts of the provinces which served both for Dominion and provincial purposes. The last registration in Victoria was about two years ago, and since that time a great number have become eligible. The statement was made in the newspapers, and he did not think there was any exaggeration in it, that there are in Canada to-day

NO LESS THAN 110,000 PEOPLE

who should be voters, and who are not because there has been no registration within the past two years.

A voice—Are they all Grits?

Mr. Templeman—I have no doubt that the majority of the people of Canada to-day are Liberals (cheers). I haven't the slightest doubt that the majority of the people of Victoria are Liberals (renewed cheering). If this number of people are disfranchised through the wrongful act of Sir John Macdonald's government, he considered it a matter of sufficient importance alone to ask the people to resent by pronouncing an unfavorable verdict. One of the audience had asked him how he knew that this number had been disfranchised. It has been ascertained in several ways. In the first place by a comparison of the Dominion and provincial voters' lists. And it is quite reasonable to expect, with the influx of population in the last two years, and the young men between the ages of 21 and 23 who have since become eligible to vote, that the number stated is not an exaggeration. Mr. Templeman was not there to find fault with the gentlemen they were opposing on this occasion, but during the last two years there have been several attempts to wipe this act off the statute books, and Mr. Prior at least cast his vote to retain it. There have during later sessions, been attempts at amendments, or to return to the provincial statutes; Mr. Prior voted against that, and also against the amendment brought in by Mr. Davis, of Prince Edward island, that in the provinces where universal suffrage obtained it should be made the basis of qualification. This question, therefore, is one on which he could fairly ask the people to pronounce an opinion.

THE STUDIED POLICY OF NEGLECT.

There is another very important matter, aside from the trade question, and that is the studied policy of neglect shown by the Dominion government to this province, in the matter of appropriations. If any one of the electorate will just take the trouble to go over the public accounts, and strike a balance of the money taken by the Dominion government out of this province with that expended by the government in return, the result will be, to say the least, surprising. The amount of collections at the custom house of Victoria last year was $828,000, and it has averaged this, let the electors bear in mind, for the past five years. The amount collected in the four custom houses in the province for the year ending 1888-1889 was $979,000. Running over the various other heads of revenue, the total sent to the Dominion government from British Columbia last year was approximately $1,260,000, a pretty fair sum for a province with such a small population as ours. (Cheers.) That, however, is only one side of the account; there is another. He would like Mr. Prior or Mr. Earle to tell the audience what has been the amount of public money spent in British Columbia during the last year for public works, railway enterprises and other public undertakings. Would the audience be surprised to learn that the city of Victoria alone had sent more money to the Dominion treasury than would pay the lieutenant-governor's salary, the administration of justice in the province, the salary of the chief justice (the speaker's particular friend) and all the other judges, the salaries of all customs house officials, the carriage of the mails throughout the entire province, and all postoffice salaries and expenses, the steamship mail contract to San Francisco, the construction of all Dominion public buildings during the year, dredging the Fraser, improving Nanaimo harbor, the expenses in connection with the fisheries, the marine department, the inland revenue—in a word, this city paid the entire expenditure in British Columbia by the Dominion. The cost to the Dominion of the services enumerated was $698,000, or say $700,000, whereas Victoria city alone paid to the Government $828,000, or $125,000 more than the whole province received for all public purposes. What is there to show in return? We were promised a drill shed—but we have not got it yet! (Cheers.)

THE TRADE QUESTION.

There is the trade question to be discussed, and I am a free trader (hear, hear and cheers). I am in favor of obtaining as near an approach to free trade with the United States and with the world, for that matter, (cheers) as it is possible to obtain. I recognise the difficulties in the way; I know a revenue has to be raised, and I know the difficulty it will be to obtain free trade seeing that we are under a very high protective tariff. I believe, though, that there is a very general desire to have that tariff reduced, (cheers) and that there should be, if not altogether unrestricted reciprocity, then as large a measure of it as can be fairly and honorably obtained. In advocating this, however, I see that the Liberals are denounced as disloyal, "veiled traitors," as Sir John Macdonald calls them. Now, notwithstanding that Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues have stated that unrestricted reciprocity cannot be obtained, I think it can (hear, hear). Mr. Blaine has signified his opinion in favor of a very large measure of reciprocity. There have been resolutions moved in congress affirming the principle of unrestricted trade with Canada; the late congressional election in the United States showed that there had taken place a great change of public sentiment in respect to trade protection. The McKinley bill was practically defeated at that election (hear, hear). I mention this to show what is the sentiment in the United States on this question. President Cleveland was defeated, it is true, but he had a majority of the popular vote in the United States; that means that the people are tiring of high protection. And public opinion in Canada is already tending that way. I can see no reason why these two countries may not come together and formulate some scheme or treaty that will enlarge our opportunities, expand our trade and increase the wealth of both countries (cheers).

Mr. Templeman, in view of the fact that there were several other speakers to follow, and as he would have other opportunities of addressing the electors, said he would avail himself of those opportunities to speak on many other points which he had not referred to. He thanked the audience for their cordial reception and hearing, and in referring to the contest said he had had no large requisition presented to him; but a large number of the most influential citizens had asked him to come out and had promised him their support (cheers). He asked the voters then and there though, to vote for him if they considered his views on the trade and other questions the right ones. And if they conferred on him the honor of returning him for the City of Victoria on the 5th of March, he would endeavor to represent them, the city and himself with justice in the House of Commons. (Cheers).

Mr. Templeman submitted the following figures, which will prove of interest to the electors who wish to know how their money is spent:

MONEY PAID BY BRITISH COLUMBIA TO CANADA.

The following table will show the

[Continued on page 4.]

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lower Rooms at the Bank Exchange.

LAND NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii also Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xlv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt Dis-

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas Atkins on the 16th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 8th Jan., 1891. Jan. 8-3m.

STEAMER FOR SALE

The Twin Screw Steamer Cariboo Fly,

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of boats, life boats, bedding, linen, etc.

Length 132ft 2in.
Beam 22ft. 3in.
281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,

Johnson street, Victoria.

Nanaimo and Vancouver papers please copy. fe10-tf

DR. OWEN'S

ELECTRIC BELTS

And Spinal Appliances.

HEAD OFFICE—CHICAGO, ILL.

Presented in Canada December 17th, 1887

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Body Belt and Suspensory will cure the following: All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Insomnia, Wasting of the Body, Exhaustion, Female Weakness, &c. This is the Latest and Greatest improvement ever made and is superior to all others. Every buyer of an Electric Belt wants the latest—this he will find in the Owen Belt. It differs from all others, as it is a Battery Belt, and not a chain, voltaic or wire belt. It will cure all complaints curable by Electricity or a Galvanic Battery. The Electric Current can be tested by anyone before it is supplied to the body. If you will examine this belt you will buy no other. It has cured hundreds where the doctors have failed. Write for Testimonials and Illustrated Catalogue, enclosing 6c. postage.

The Owen Electric Belt Co.,
71 King St, West, Toronto.
G. C. PATTERSON, Mgr. for Canada.
ja26-m-w-6m

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength of* Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency.

Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells Fargo & Co.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUTLER A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for	$1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D.	1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape	1.50
A splendid shaped Common Sense Corset	1.75
A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset	2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset	2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin	2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille	3.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c. y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8½c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

Argyle House

83 DOUGLAS ST.

WM. O'REILLY & CO.

B. C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).

Authorized Capital, $60,000

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61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)

WORKS,

CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings

A SPECIALTY.

Nov13-3m

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Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.

103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

PRINCIPAL---Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.: Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F.S.Sc. and Lit. London, &c.

DAY PUPILS---$8 per month.

EVENING PUPILS---$5 per month.

ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.

BOARDERS---$260 per annum or $25 per month.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.

114 YATES ST del-tf

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. BOX 383.

REQUISITION

To Messrs. E. G. Prior and Thomas Earle.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this district, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election, as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sidney Dobbin,	John T Howard,
Kenneth McKenzie,	J Holman,
Fred Davey,	Jas H Innes,
Philip D Goepel,	J Andrews,
Arthur D Lewis,	A C Muir,
Richard Downer,	W J Muir,
H Logan,	J T Pearce,
A Phillips,	G Bebbington,
Thos Dodds,	John Stock,
John Devereaux,	James Ispister,
A D Grieve,	Wm B Smith,
W Young,	Geo Francis,
John Bogle,	G F Wake,
James McAuslan,	T Astle,
R Keeler,	Chas E Pooley,
Wm Rothwell,	Wm Fisher,
Wm Robinson,	Geo Berridge,
Victor Jensen,	Jas Dudgeon,
J J Austin,	A B Erskine,
Wm H Routledge,	Thos Shotbolt,
G C Shaw,	Thos Astley,
S P Mills,	John J Hart,
Wm Whittaker,	H Saunders,
Geo Morrison,	W G Bowman,
J G Cameron,	A Gilmore,
W H Danby,	B A Phillips,
Fleming Bros,	Jungo Larman,
S M Hartman,	Morris Moss,
David Spencer,	W H Dempster,
H Young,	W Larkin,
C W Kammerer,	W White,
Robert Mitchell,	Stephen Saire,
George Steitz,	John Robertson,
P Hickey,	J G Mann,
John B Chantrell,	George Bishop,
George H Garesche,	Wm Harrison,
Thomas Harman,	G Campbell,
Richard Hall,	Robert Jamieson,
J G Marshall,	Thomas C Nuttall,
A R Cameron,	W J McDowell,
Geo P Fox,	Edwin Johnson,
A G Sargison,	Henry S Mason,
[illegible] Maclure,	A G Flewin,
H Kent,	S S Burt,
Wm Croft,	N P Snowden,
B Gordon,	Charles A. Vernon,
N Fitzstubbs,	Geo Jay, jr,
E W Spencer,	C M McCahill,
Robert Dexter,	William Neals,
A R Banester,	J A Johnson,
W Cowling,	A A Green, per F W W
G Doughty,	Fred W Worlock,
Charles Kent,	J B Matthew,
Theodore Davie,	George H Cavin,
J R Anderson,	D R Harris,
F Gilchrist,	Wm Scotts,
Thos Tugwell,	G S Finlaison,
E W Matthews,	John Graham,
C N Cameron,	Wm A Elliott,
Braden and Stamford,	Wm C Bryant,
Wm Gordon,	Alf H Mecoy,
R F Tolmie,	L G Burns,
D E Campbell,	Allan Stevens,
Philip J Hall,	C H Penwill,
H B Rendell,	W Bond,
D O'Leary,	Wm Powell,
W H Mason,	P W Dempster,
William Lorimer,	N Painter
W J Smith,	S Coonness,
John Haggerty,	Jones and McNeill,
O H Goodwin,	Wm Whyte,
Jas L Raymur,	Thos S Milligan,
S W Buckman,	C T Dupont,
Thos Garvin,	Alex Anderson,
W H Philippe,	Alex Mouat,
John Draut,	John Temple,
William Mann,	P R Brown,
G H Brown,	John Mortimer,
John Colbert,	G Byrnes,
H Dorlin,	T Brooker,
A J Briggs,	Peter O'Brien,
R P McLennan,	J F Beck,
Simeon Duck,	W J Taylor,
Wm Dalby,	E E Wootton,
A Gregg and Son,	Charles Wilson,
W G Stevenson,	Wm Newbury,
John Teague, jr.,	Edward Hasell,
J F Smith,	D McCuilum,
R W Fawcett,	Frank Porter,
H T Mann,	Chas Hayward,
Robert Heron,	John Teague, sr.,
Arthur Smith,	J Stewart,
John P. Elford,	Munroe Miller,
Beaumont Boggs,	F Sturdy,
J E Crane,	John Thompson,
Jas Ramsey,	Henry Clay,
W Jackson,	Geo Rudge,
Frederick Pauline,	Henry Rudge,
Wm Craft	William Baines,
J R Westcott,	J H Warner,
Fred Carne, jr.,	E Harrison,
James Tolmie,	John Bruce,
R Maynard,	A Beule,
A H Maynard,	Switzer & McCluskey,
W T Tolmie,	Stephen Whitley,
Sam H Goodwin,	R A Brown,
Wm Mable,	Jno T Pierre,
H A Lilley,	T L Irving,
Shore and Anderson,	John J Wilson,
L Dickenson,	W H Croghan,
Wm Field,	John H Gannon,
Jas Maynard,	A J Rowbotham,
W Tupins,	Angus McDonald,
Ernest B Hanington,	John Parker, jr.,
W Bickford,	R Lettice,
Hy Jewell,	John Crowther,
M R Smith,	Thos McConnan,
H Smith,	Jas S Cowie,
F B Pemberton,	Arthur F S Williams,
J D Pemberton,	Geo Jay, sr.,
Otto Weiler,	Geo Thompson,
J W Weiler,	Geo King,
Hy Moss,	Jas O'Neill,
J J Cowley,	John Doherty,
Jos Rhode,	Thos Harding,
James Daley,	T W Hall, M D,
A St Geo Flint,	D D Moses,
R B Williams,	Jno C Hayes,
Thos S Futcher,	Loewen and Erb,
Frank Bourne,	Hugh Calwell,
W A McLean,	Richard Cruickshank,
P T Johnston,	G L Simpson,
J S. Helmcken,	Thos R Smith,
Jno. Irving,	R. P. Rithet,
R. S. Byrn,	Thos. H. Baker,
W. A. Ward,	Phil. A. Phillips,
A. R. Langley,	George Watson,
J. C. Maclure,	P. McAra,
E. B. Marvin,	J. Hook,
P. Steele,	A. Milligan,
W. H. Ellis,	M. H. Cowan,
Matthew E. Johnson,	Daniel McLachlan,
J. H. Turner,	S. B. Kelly,
Walter H. Schofield,	John Wilson,
Robt. Harvey,	E. A. Pauline,
John G. Cox,	Jas. Gaudin,
John Newby,	Samuel Reid,
Frank M. Yorke,	R. A. Cunningham,
J. M. Cowper,	Lewis Lewis,
F. Appleton,	A. Lewis & Co.,
John T. Fee,	G. H. Burns,
F. W. Foster,	F. A. Pauline,
W. T. Marvin,	G. Leiser,
L. Marks,	Jas. J. Sargison,
H. Bornstein,	Wm. M. Chudley,
C. F. G. Gardiner,	John A. Duncan,
James Mitchell,	H. B. W. Aikman,
H. C. McDermid,	A. Carmichael,
Donald Mackay,	R. H. Tyrwhitt Drake,
F. W. Vincent,	H. Seabrook,
Ross Monro,	J. Peters,
R. J. Ker,	J. H. Todd,
R. H. Benedict,	H. Dallas Helmcken,
J. Griffith,	James C. Prevost,
A. C. Flummerfelt,	F. W. Tessel,
J. A. Kenning,	C. C. Pemberton,
F. C. Holden,	W. Ridgeway Wilson,
A. McKeown,	Thos. C. Sorby,
W. P. Smith,	Wm. Jensen,
A. W. Jones,	Henry Lawson,
Hall, Ross & Co,	Jas. Muirhead
W. R. Clark,	Wm. Turpel,
J. Madden,	Jas. Townsley
Thomas Bamford,	Jas. March,
W. F. Bullen,	Alex. Sangster,
B. H. Seabrook,	John Frank,
Fred. S. Pope,	R. Townsley,
Thos. Shaw,	J. D. Mi ne,
Wm. Dickson,	J. Hellier,
N. Basso,	Wm. Jenkins,
F. Spehr,	Robt. Clarke
H. Cock,	Geo. Clyde,
Jas. H. McGregor,	D. D. Graham,
Wm. McIlwaine,	Allison Jehns,
Jas. Colquhoun,	Andrew Kirk,
W. H. Collister,	Hector Dow,
J. Hagract,	Rowland Brittain,
J. Watson,	Robert Semple,
J. S. Mires,	Thos. E. Wood,
S. Latham,	Herbert Dodson,
William Pettigrew,	Geo. Madigan,
Francis Nash,	James Maxwell,
Wm. Ellis,	Frank Riedel,
D. Russell,	James Travis,
W. Copeland,	James Dakers,
Anthony Watson,	Wm. Munsley,
Alexander McLaren,	James Stevens,
James Lyon,	Edward Cotsey,
John Allan,	C. F. Barron,
A. P. Luxton,	T. H. Tye,
Arthur H. Peatt,	Henry Kicker,
W. Fisher, J.P.,	Adam Weir,
H. Helgesen,	Geo. Cook,
Edward Vine, J.P.	Thomas Argyle,
Charles Ball,	George Batterelby
H. H. Francis,	Alex. Campbell,
T. G. Stothard,	Geo. Brown,
Geo. Cole,	E. S. Field,
W. Witty,	Geo. Pears,
S. Boyce,	Thomas Duke,
Arthur H. Peat,	R. Price,
Walter River,	Edward Hutton,
James McKinly,	Robert H. Roper,
Geo. D. Roper,	H. H. Roper,
Charles Roper,	A. Smith,
D. Campbell,	J. W. Knight,
Charles McKay,	J. R. McKenzie,
S. D. Robertson,	W. McKitrick,
Geo. F. Giles,	John McLean,
G. H. Proctor,	Alex. Moir,
William Stark,	W. Mercer,
James Pettierew,	Alfred Bland,
John L. Russell,	J. Sherk,
Geo. Moore,	W. H. E. Olive,
Fred Winkel,	Joseph Backus,
Alfred Monk,	M. D. Gleason,
Alfred Ryan,	Walter Poole,
George Watkins,	H. Cummings,
H. G. Waterson,	William Boddy,
E. J. E. Dixon,	John Burbridge,
J. H. Santin,	Robert Davison,
Dan McDonald,	R. C. Douglas,
Mark Lepine,	J. A. Northcott,
Napoleon Miclite,	Leonard Robinson,
John Conlon,	George W. Robinson,
A. McGregor,	John Roskamp,
John J. Mundorf,	Richard W. Roper,
Richard Nash.	

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,

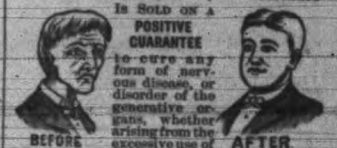
E. G. PRIOR,
THOMAS EARLE.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of



Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

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SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, nov28-eodw-1y Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK!

STOP IT NOW,

SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 19th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when kind Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

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Proprietor Occidental Hotel,
Santa Rosa, Cal.

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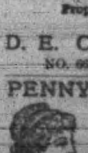
NO. 95 FORT STREET. jeo9-1yr

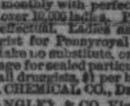
PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov1

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS USE. Has cured in hundreds of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & Co. Victoria B.C. nov8-1y



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Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, positively cured by Hazelton's Vitalizer. Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for study, Excessive indulgence, etc., etc. Every bottle guaranteed. $1.00 and upwards. Address, enclose stamp for treatise, E. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 426 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—Situation as nurse to 1 or 2 young children; experienced; good references. Address for particulars B.M., care Mrs. Pitts, 106, Simcoe street. fe23-2i

WANTED—To rent a small house. Near to Beacon Hill Park preferred, will take lease or furniture at valuation. Address B. X. TIMES office. feb16-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—A suite of up-stair rooms, furnished or unfurnished, or with board if required; or will be rented separately to young men with good reference. Apply immediately at Tyrone Villa, head of Bird Cage Walk, James Bay. feb23-tf

TO LET—One or two comfortable bedrooms in private house on very moderate terms. Address B. C. TIMES office. fe21-3i

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K. TIMES Office. feb16-tf

TO LET—Offices and rooms Turner Block, Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street. fe12 1m

TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 245, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

FIRST CLASS accommodation for housekeeping. Rooms and kitchen completely furnished. 63 Superior street. Cars pass the door. jan20-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 46 Government street. jan27-tf

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no28-tf

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap13-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New fishing boat 21ft. x 7ft. 6in. Inquire of Foot, boat builder, Warren's Wharf, James Bay. fe17-1w

FOR SALE—Cheap; a good hotel business. Address "Hotel TIMES office. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 90 Yates street. ja24-tf

FOR SALE—Cottage and lot corner Carr and Simcoe streets, James Bay; one block from Beacon Hill and two from the beach; also one lot on Simcoe street. Apply to S. Lowe. j23 1m

FOR SALE—In one piece, all that part of Strawberry Vale Farm situated on the north side of the Burnside road, and containing 85¾ acres, all under fence; there is a never failing running stream of water; about 120 acres under cultivation; 150 acres can be easily cleared; small willow and alder; the balance very fine oak and pine; about one mile frontage on Burnside road; about two miles from Victoria and about a mile and a quarter from railway station, Esquimalt; price $80 per acre. Apply to John J. Russell, Victoria, P.O. Box 303. ja8-tf

FOR SALE—New 7-roomed houses; bath, hot and cold water; all modern conveniences. Apply J. Holland, city. de8-tf

BOARD.

VACANCIES—For a few boarders. Apply to No. 8 Humboldt street; 3 minutes walk rom Post Office. fe9-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A Clumber Spaniel pup about seven months old, tail cut short, answers to the name of Rip. Finder will be suitably rewarded on returning to the corner of Pemberton and Belcher streets. feb21-2i

LOST—An Irish terrier pup about a week ago; finder will be rewarded by returning same to No. 30 Caledonian Avenue. fe17-1w

FINANCIAL.

A HOME PAID FOR
and mortgages and debts liquidated
BY LIFE ASSURANCE.
Full particulars may be obtained by letter or on personal application to
J. H. BROWNLEE,
District Manager, Equitable Life,
Telephone No. 179. ja30 42 Fort st.

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MEchanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 704 Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDEN NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

SOCIETIES.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street.
Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fernard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy8 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, R.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY,
j1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street, sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER,
ocp K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

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ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND
PATENT AGENTS.
Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications etc., prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B.C. m20tf

EDWD. McCOSKRIE
ARCHITECT AND BUILDING
SUPERINTENDENT,
Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se29-tf

HOOPER & GODDARD
ARCHITECTS,
Offices over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

P. R. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap21tf

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ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce fe20tf

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PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Broad Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jos. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. ap29-1y

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Yates street, Victoria, B. C. ja31-1y

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DR. ERNEST HALL,
Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Graduate in Eye, Philadelphia; late Assistant Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets. Hours, 10 to 4. Residence, corner Fort and Quadra. Hours, 6 to 7.30. no14-3m

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

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Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR
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Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 396, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. ja29

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Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
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MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 120

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 99.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON'S
SPECIAL COLUMN

CITY REAL ESTATE.

$500—Belmont Avenue (Fernwood) high situation; one lot.

$850—Rithet street; lot 57ft. 6in. x130.

$900—South Turner street; 52x112.

$1000—Richardson street; 60x120; corner lot.

$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1500—Facing Beacon Hill Park; 2 good lots.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$2100—Fernwood Road; 100x150; 3 lots.

$3000—Simcoe street; 3 lots.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

$10000—Government street; two lots near gas works.

TO LET.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

$25—Niagara street; 8 roomed house.

$27.50—Simcoe street; 10 rooms; two storey.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

$275—Burnside road; two good lots 62ft. 6in. x1320.

$400—Richmond Road; lot 60x130.

$400—Burnside road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$500—Cloverdale Estate; ½ acre; ¼ cash; balance to suit.

$700—Gorge road; ½ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

$1300—Lake Hill Estate; 6 acres; in good location.

$6000—Esquimalt road; 4 acres; suitable for subdivision.

$7500—Cordova Bay, near Cedar Hill Park; good soil; 50 acres; beautiful situation.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2200—Green street; 2 storey house; 8 rooms

$2500—Pandora street; new cottage; 7 rooms; can be completed to suit purchaser; easy terms.

$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

$3750—Simcoe street; two story; 10 rooms; substantially built; modern conveniences.

FARMS.

15—Acres, Carey road (chicken ranch); $150

100—Acres, Esquimalt District; $30 per acre

100—Acres Victoria District; $125 per acre.

500—Acres Westminster District; $40 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

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By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,
38 FORT STREET,
Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Bonier Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.
ap17-1y

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line	
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	50	" "
Three months	75	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	$ 2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

THE ALBION IRON WORKS ET AL.

On the first page of the last issue of the Colonist are a series of alleged interviews with some of the prominent business men of this city, the purport of which is to make it appear that should reciprocity obtain the chief manufacturing enterprises of this city will be compelled to suspend operations, or at the best materially reduce the number of their employees. This is precisely the kind of talk to be expected of business men who have a "snap," who, indeed, constitute Victoria's "Red Parlor." These men have a good thing, a monopoly, created for them by the operation of National Policy, and that they should be content with an arrangement which swells their dividends however much consumers may suffer is in perfect consonance with the business ethics and axioms of the period.

This being the case we shall not take issue from them on moral grounds. We shall not ask them whether a national policy that permits them the relation of parisites on the body politic is the correct thing or not. Business is business, and if the electorate of Victoria are content to be afflicted with parasites as a means of increasing wealth and population that is their privilege—at least we shall not undertake to remove their illusion by resorting to the higher ethics, those which should obtain between man and man. We may, however, question the soundness of the assumptions of this local "Red Parlor." Mr. W. F. BULLEN, of the Albion Iron Works, assumes that reciprocity "would stop every wheel in this establishment." Mr. BULLEN, in making so sweeping a statement, should have adduced proof in support of it. Mr. BULLEN, however, does nothing of the kind. He confined himself exclusively to glittering generalities. Does Mr. BULLEN pretend to say that fuel is more expensive here than in San Francisco? Does Mr. BULLEN pretend to say that raw material to be worked up into machinery and stoves is more expensive here than in San Francisco? Is Mr. BULLEN prepared to submit figures showing that he cannot build a marine engine, or a boiler, or a stove, as cheaply as in San Francisco? We venture to say that Mr. BULLEN is not prepared to do anything of the kind. It has been the proud boast of the Albion Iron Works that they are prepared to turn out work as cheaply as can be turned out anywhere. Whence then this sudden right about face movement of Mr. BULLEN's? It is the exigences of pocket that have caused it. A duty of 25 or 35 per cent. is just that much more in the pockets of the Albion Iron Works, and to every person who wants an engine, a boiler or a stove is just that much more out of his pocket. Under the present arrangement the purchasing power of a dollar is decreased to 65 cents. In other words, under this arrangement the purchaser pays $1.35 for what he should only pay one dollar. Now there is no need of this. If reciprocity was in operation the Albion Iron Works would continue to operate just the same. The only difference would be that instead of being able to make illegitimate profits on their investment, that is to say, profits enormously out of proportion to the value of their plant, they would have to be content with legitimate profits, that is to say, profits that are not the effect of monopoly, or in popular phraseology, a "dead mortal cinch."

We next proceed to deal with Mr. T. B. PEARSON. Mr. PEARSON is of opinion that reciprocity "would knock us endwise." Mr. PEARSON's business is an exotic. In plain words Mr. PEARSON is engaged in a business, which, only that he is able to purchase his goods abroad would fade away as the morning flower. British Columbia does not produce wool enough to keep the population of this province in socks. The cattle kings of this province being all powerful have secured legislation which make it a crime against the State to raise sheep. To come to the point, sheep are forbidden pasturage on crown lands.

Practically, therefore, all woolen goods worn in British Columbia are imported. Mr. PEARSON is an importer, and we submit that it cannot make any difference to an importer whether reciprocity is in operation or not. Mr. PEARSON is the middle man between the producer of woolen goods and the buyer. He is virtually a commission merchant. Not until sheep are raised in this Province and woolen mills abound can it possibly make any difference to Mr. PEARSON which prevails, free trade or protection. So much for Mr. PEARSON.

With regard to Mr. J. PIERCY, of J. PIERCY & Co., as they are in the same boat with T. B. PEARSON & Co., the foregoing remarks, apply to them as well as to T. B. PEARSON. Messrs. PIERCY & Co. are protectionists because there is money in it for them. They have little care as to the extent the consumer is injured thereby.

In respect of Messrs. MUIRHEAD & MANN, they are protectionists for the same reason that is Mr. BULLEN; they have a "snap" and they propose to hold on to it. As business men, looking out for number one, they not only propose to make money the easiest way they can but they propose to countenance any law which will facilitate the piling up of profits regardless of the interests of the consumer. It cannot but strike any unprejudiced observer that since lumber is a staple product of this Province and that since it costs no more to keep up steam with sawdust than it does across the line, that the contention of Messrs. MUIRHEAD & MANN will not hold water. If Messrs. MUIRHEAD & MANN cannot manufacture sash and blinds and doors as cheaply as in the States, there must be something wrong that is not in sight. The fact of the matter is, however, Messrs. MUIRHEAD & MANN have a good thing, and they want to keep it.

Respecting Mr. T. B. HALL, of the Victoria flour mills, there is some reason in his contention. British Columbia is not a wheat producing province. It costs more to raise wheat in British Columbia than in either Oregon or California. This feature of the case, however, must be borne in mind; the American millers in the great proportion of cases have to import their flour from distant points. Now the Victoria roller mills can buy wheat in Washington and in Oregon as cheaply as can the American millers, and this being the case the duty on wheat removed, the roller mills ought to be quite as able to import wheat and sell the flour at a profit in Victoria as the Portland millers who import their wheat from distant points and thence export the flour to Victoria for a market. But, say the Victoria millers, the American mills have a greater capacity than ours and can afford to sell cheaper. There is something in this contention. We are bound to be frank in this matter. The fact remains, however, that the Victoria mills are liable to the same kind of competition from the Manitoba mills, and American competition can be no worse than Manitoba competition. But after all, the question resolves itself into this: If British Columbia is not adapted for wheat growing, and further, is geographically so situated that it may be flooded with flour from the East and from the South to the extent that local mills cannot compete, is it the square thing that the public should be taxed, bled as it were to keep in existence a local flour manufactory? It is hard to say it, we don't like to say it, but we submit that the game is not worth the candle, that Victoria as a whole loses more than she gains by such an arrangement. As a business proposition every tub should stand on its own bottom. As a moral proposition it is wrong that the consumer should be assessed to support a manufacturing institution which is not the natural outgrowth of some staple product. The greatest good to the greatest number is our philosophy. Worthy people as T. B. HALL & Co. are personally, we submit, that their relations to the public are essentially parasitic, and that being unable to exist except under the operation of artificial conditions, they have neither a business nor a moral right to exist at all.

As to Mr. FLUMMERFELT, if he is a cattle country, where hides are supposed to be a drug in the market, cannot compete with other manufacturers, he too should be compelled to walk the plank. It is characteristic of men, however, to want 500 per cent. profit if they can get it. If the people of Victoria for the sake of a boot and shoe manufactory are willing it should make 500 per cent. profit, that, of course, is their business. But Mr. Flummerfelt should be content with something less than 500 per cent. profit. It is monstrous that 50,000 people should be bled that Ames, Holden & Co. should be able to pile up their thousands. It is the old story of a condition of things in which the rich are growing richer and and the poor poorer.

Mr. PENDRAY, locally as famous in his line as Pears & Co. are world-wide famous in theirs, expresses the fear that in the even of reciprocity he cannot compete with Chicago soap makers, who, bent on driving him out of the Victoria market, would ship their product 2500 miles. Mr. PENDRAY, like the other members of the local Red Parlor, has a good thing and proposes to hold to it. In the case of Mr. PENDRAY further comment is superfluous.

Mr. BAKER, speaking for the farmers, prognosticates their ruin should reciprocity obtain. With but very few exceptions there is not a farmer in this province who does not know that if he had to depend on his grain crop for a living he would soon go to the wall. Why should grain be taxed under these circumstances? If wheat can be brought to Victoria from Portland at half the price that it can be brought from Chilliwhack there is something wrong with the transportation companies. Perhaps if Victoria should cease to import wheat from Chilliwhack the transportation companies would come to their senses. Monopoly of transportation is no argument against reciprocity. Indeed it is the best kind of an argument for it. It is this bleeding process which is going on that has decreased population in some of the counties in Ontario, and which has made Victoria the most expensive city on the Pacific coast.

As to the furniture manufacturers the arguments which have already been used are applicable to them, while regarding the city brewers, if they cannot compete with their co-manufacturers across the line, the beer drinkers in this city should firmly but kindly insist that they make the effort.

We need not enlarge upon the attitude of Mr. LAWRENCE who seems to have some sense and in whose views the candy manufacturers of this city without doubt participate. We may say, however, that if the removal of the duty off raw material will help Mr. LAWRENCE it will also help other manufacturers who import raw material. But what we would specifically call attention to in connection with this subject is this: Granting that the opinions of the several gentlemen interviewed were gospel truth labor would not materially suffer. All in all, not 300 men according to the computation of the local Red Parlor, would be thrown out of employment while on the other hand many thousands of workingmen would be materially benefitted. But Mr. BULLEN's estimate that 200 men in the case of the Albion Iron Works would be thrown out of employment, must be taken with a large-sized grain of salt. Mr. BULLEN having a good thing, is bound to paint reciprocity a profound black. Mr. BULLEN, having a monopoly and bound to perpetuate that monopoly if he can, will naturally make reciprocity appear a dismal doctrine. The employees of the Albion Iron Works, therefore, want to make all due allowance for Mr. BULLEN's exaggerated idea of what would be the effect of reciprocity. Indeed they will not miss it much if they discredit it entirely. And finally, working men want to remember that there is a gulf as broad and as deep between them and Toryism as that which separated Dives from Lazarus. Toryism means the aggrandizement of class and the helotage of the working classes. The Tories of England fought every reform measure in the interest of the working classes that came before them. The Canadian Tory is no better than his English prototype. He is worse in fact, for having breathed the air of this continent he ought to have sense enough to know that God made it for the masses as well as the classes.

It may be remarked in connection with the above that both Messrs. PIERCY and FLUMERFELT are employers of Chinese, the latter employing 22 Chinese and 7 white men. Further, as regards Mr. PENDRAY, it is a little remarkable that he should be afraid of the competition of Chicago soap makers, when he exports soap to the American side. The public may take it for granted that the attitude of such men as Mr. BULLEN et al, is that of men who do not know what they are talking about.

Go to Esquimalt to-night and hear more facts for voters.

WHAT THE TARIFF IS.

Hon. Oliver Mowat.

What is a tariff? It is a tax—a tax levied by the General Government upon commodities that the laboring man, as well as others, use. It is a tax that takes hold of everything, from the crown of your head to the sole of your feet; that taxes your hat, your coat, your vest, you, breeches, your boots, your shirt, each and every implement which you use in your mechanical mining, fishing, lumbering and agricultural operations. And now to tell me that to take the laboring man and tax him from the top of his head to the soles of his feet, and to tax him on everything that he uses in his trade, and to tax him heavily, is to benefit him, seems to me to be nothing but absurdity.

In a State of Siege.

Although in a state of siege we still live. Having completed a crossing at our door, we are now prepared to see our customers who may rest assured that our lines of pastry are second to none in this city. All the delicacies of the season. Meals at all hours and polite attention guaranteed at Steitz's Restaurant, 84 Yates street.

Auction Sale.

Mr. G. Byrnes will Continue his sale of General Furnishings at No. 64, Turner Block, on Douglas Street to-morrow at 11 a. m.

Some of the Western Politicians collect the seeds of a plant, powder and stiffen them, and then bake into cakes, which they smear with oleomargarine and eat. In preparing this article of food they use an article known as Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, and is acknowledged to be the best in the world.

A ROUSING RALLY.

(Continued from page 3.)

several amounts paid by the province to the Dominion:

Customs collections	$ 979,219
Chinese immigration	40,000
Inland revenue	110,709
Weights and measures	291
Gas inspection	180
Post office	65,406
Esquimalt graving dock	14,811
Marine department (about)	5,300
Steamer inspection (about)	1,000
Fish department	6,411
Dominion lands	15,379
Timber	22,048
Penitentiaries	194
B. C. paid Dominion	$1,260,944

CANADA PAID FOR ALL SERVICES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Lieut.-Governor's salary	9,000
Administration of Justice, circuit allowance	5,679
Administration of do. Chief Justice, 4 Judges ct. court	24,736
B.C. Penitentiary, salaries, &c.	36,881
Quarantine	1,809
Barracks	17,808
Esquimalt Graving Dock	7,942
Public Buildings:	
New West. Penitentiary	8,041
Vancouver Post Office	4,154
Repairs	1,709
Harbors and Rivers	52,900
C Battery total	38,081
Dredging	14,147
Telegraph line to Bonilla Pt.	4,360
Mail subsidies and Steamship Subsidies	14,700
Indians, surveys, &c.	82,923
Customs	42,870
Collection of Rev. of P. works	5,599
Telegraph	9,026
Post Office	161,784
Dominion Lands	10,240
Excise	7,462
Weights and measures	1,500
Gas Inspection	400
Mail Service	124,496
Dominion Lands—office	10,840
	$698,763

HOW IT STANDS.

B. C. Paid Dominion	$1,260,944
Dominion Paid British Col.	698,763
British Columbia Lost	$562,181

And Col. Prior says that a paltry drill shed was the last straw that broke his back. And Col. Prior is to-day a Government candidate. (Great cheers.)

Mr. Marchant, the other Independent candidate, on coming forward was very warmly received also. He explained the reason of their appearance in this contest, which was due to the feeling of public and influential men that there should be a contest. His colleague, Mr. Templeman, was well known, connected with the honorable profession of letters, and as the world knows, the pen is mightier than the sword. As to himself, Mr. Marchant avowed his chief recommendation was that he was a stranger (laughter). To many public men that might be a defect; but if one might judge by what a great many persons are saying at the present time, to have no black past is rather a good thing when you stand before the electors of Victoria (cheers and laughter). If the electors wanted to know anything about him, he came to this province some two years ago from the flag that he still loves and hopes always to love, and which floats over an empire on which the sun never sets. His political doctrines were not those which spring up in a night; he learned them at the feet of some of the noblest men that ever ruled the destinies of an empire. He confessed that he looked for a long time at the formidable requisition which the gentlemen opposing in this contest had brought forward, but after a time he took courage, reflecting that the gentlemen who signed that requisition had had no other chance (cheers and laughter). He confessed that in the old country he had always been accustomed to fight against the privileged classes. He had always been on the side of the workers, the side of the business men, the side of the masses against the classes. He thought that when he came to this country these class privileges would be abolished. But he found here the "army" against us for the "colonel" had unsheathed the sword from the scabbard, the "church" was against us for the superior of a Priory, a "Prior" opposed us; the nobility were against us, for an "Earle" appeared in hostile array. (Laughter.) The Independents propose to give these gentlemen another chance to pronounce upon the political issues of the day, and declare their opinion on the government that

HAS PLACED FALSE ISSUES

before the people, and to-day are placing such a tariff on the country as to obstruct labor, interfere with agriculture and retard the best interests of commerce (cheers). Like the old Roman, he would address himself to the electors of Victoria; to hear him for his cause, and be silent that they might hear. There are a good many important issues before the electors of the Dominion of Canada to-day, and on these issues the electors should send men to represent them in the House of Commons. Up to the present this city and district has sent to Ottawa pledged supporters of Sir John A. Macdonald's government, and Mr. Marchant asked the electors, in face of the past, whether it was wise to do so, or to send men who will follow in no man's trail and work for the people of Victoria alone by demanding for them that which the pledged supporters acknowledged they could not get (cheers). It is a matter of notoriety that the pledged supporters of the government could not obtain justice for the people of Victoria. That is upon their own confession, openly and publicly stated, they have themselves declared that they were heartily sick of the promises of the government that were never fulfilled (hear, hear). The Independents will resolve to try to get what the pledged supporters of the government failed to obtain, and if sent to represent the people in parliament, the Independents, unlike the government supporters, would not hesitate to state their views in this respect on the floor of the house (cheers), and will try thereby to get from the government for this district an equitable share of the revenue that is contributed from this portion of the Dominion. Everything goes to show that it is useless, it is nonsense for the "pledged supporters" of the government to declare themselves independent on British Columbia matters, they dare not, they

$3,000.00 GIVEN AWAY!

TO THE PURCHASERS OF LOTS AT

OAK BAY BEACH, THE COMING SUMMER RESORT OF VICTORIA.

A LIBERAL PROPOSITIOI. Investors can secure a lot at a low figure, and a chance to secure one or more of Six Cash Premiums.

HOW WE PROPOSE TO DO IT.

We have arranged to handle the CHOICEST BEACH FRONTAGE adjacent to Victoria, viz.: a portion of the FULLER ESTATE, lying between the Driving Park and Oak Bay Beach. This Beach is most suitable for bathing, and is nearer to Victoria Centre than any other Beach suitable for a summer resort. Good ads now lead to the Beach, and wide avenues have been laid out through this property, thus making it the most desirable residential property adjacent t the city.

A HOTEL SITE has been reserved and plans prepared for a SPACIOUS SUMMER HOTEL.

THE ELECTRIC RA WAY CARS now run within a short distance of this property, and arrangemen will be made to extend the line to the Driving Park, which is opposite this roperty, and will bring it WITHIN TEN MINUTES' RIDE FROM TE POST OFFICE.

This property is speciall adapted for residential purposes. It has a southern prospect, is in full view the many Islands of the Gulf and the grand mountain scenery on the opposite ore of the Straits, including the lordly Mount Baker to the North-East. All st mers for Mainland, East Coast and Puget Sound pass in full view, and th surrounding landscape is one vision of loveliness.

Lots are BOUND TO INREASE in value in any event, but with the mprovements contemplated will wi out doubt have a rapid rise.

A GOOD INVESTMENT utside of the fact that you have ONE CHANCE IN 25 of securing one of the Cash Premiums offered, the lots are being sold at such a low figure that it is al one of the best things offered investors at the present time.

LOTS WILL SELL QUICLY, and if you desire one you should call at once and secure one. Termy easy.

For further particulars apply t

$3,000.

We have arranged to give a half-dozen Cash Premiums for Competition among purchasers of lots, the drawing to take place when all lots have been disposed of, which will most likely be within 60 days.

Following are the amounts:

1ST PRIZE	$1,000
2ND "	750
3RD "	500
4TH "	350
5TH "	250
6TH "	150

Each lot purchased will entitle the buyer to a ticket, numbered, and the Drawing will be made under the supervision of a Committee of lot holders, to be selected by themselves, so that everything will be fair, square and above board.

-:- RVING & HAYWOOD, -:-

SOLE AGENTS. 22 TROUNCE AVENUE.

rust and do obey the behest of Sir John (hear, hear).

THE CHIEF ISSUE

before the people to-day is the trade question. The old members declare on that question "as you were" (laughter). Mr. Marchant had not learned that drill yet, and he didn't propose to learn it. He proposed to say "right about face," and then "march on." The Independents didn't intend to say "as you were" to a policy which discriminates against British manufactures; they did not propose to say it to a policy which retards agriculture; nor to a policy that greatly increases taxation on the poor and absolves the rich; nor to a policy which creates monopolies to the despoilment of the poor (cheers). But they proposed to say right about face to the present policy of the government, and thus to increase our commerce, expand our trade with all the markets of the world and endeavor in every way to create smiling peace and contentment where now discontent and want prevailed. We will not go to our great neighbor to the south begging to be allowed to trade with her, but as business men, commercial men, with something good to offer in exchange. If these two great countries will but join hands in close trade relationship, the speaker ventured to say that an era would dawn on both that would be a bright and glorious example to the civilized world. Hon. John Carling, minister of agriculture for the present Dominion government, says that the market for Canadians is not the United States, but in England. Mr. Marchant considered that the markets of the world are ours. We have coal in abundance here. Shall we send that to England? It would be like sending coals to Newcastle and rabbit skins to Australia (laughter). Take the advantage that would accrue to Victoria alone by the breaking down of this barrier. We are, by our position here, more or less shut out from the markets of Eastern Canada. Supposing we as a city were enabled to exchange our wealth with the United States, what benefits would result? As it is we have to pay there now, taxation or no taxation, and how much better it would be if that taxation were removed. removed. Would not Victoria spring

INTO MARVELLOUS WEALTH,

prominence and prosperity. Both sides of the political arena at the present time acknowledge that an expansion of trade has to come; in fact both Sir John and his followers declare it is a good thing to buy as well as to sell. Now the chief cost of manufacture is that of the raw material. If a man can obtain that cheap, he can manufacture cheaply, and sell cheaply. Mr. Marchant submitted that healthy competition is always good, but not unfair competition. There is a species of competition in which it would be perfectly proper for the Government to interfere. There is the Chinese labor to stamp out, which the Independents were willing the duty should be fifty or 100 per cent. more than it is at present. (Cheers). But is it not a fact that a larger trade theory will always create new industries? Great Britain is a case in point. A larger trade theory also produces a variety of employment, as can be seen also in England. With a larger trade theory, too, there is always less felt of a financial or other crisis. That was why Sir John Macdonald did not let parliament run another year n the full effects of the McKinley would have been Act. Mr. March howed clearly the g ot effects of the er trade theory n Great Britain. howed how Brit ish Columbia suffe m waste through her limited trade ties. Her lumb r and other reso go to waste be cause she may no pose of them. There was a gener of ruin and stagnation when fre le was preach ed by John Bright a chard Cobden; that was fifty year p. What has been the result? T tional policy has evidently not e ged agricul ture, for there has, the N. P. been a wonderfully s owth of agriculture. Consider resent state of things in Ontari sitively the largest farming distri the Domin ion. The populati here dur ing the last deca as fallen steadily in numbers e people would argue that th ge trade theory will injure labo any one deny that the laborer i and is not better paid, and is not f to-day than fifty years ago. Dominion Government had been a protect the working man by inc the tax on Chinese, and th th one consent began to m excuses. (cheers). And then told that manufactures w hurt. The last province in the ion to make this complaint is Bri olumbia. How many have we at are likely to be injured by g the tariff. We had a hog killin bacon curing industry in this city d to be abandoned on account high tariff. And yet what splend lities there are for such an indus this island. Mr. Marchant insta pan the bright era of pros that has dawned upon her e o ered her ports to t of the world. He denounced disloyalty as childish, foolis the present instance need asked the electorate not to tak foolish cry into consideration election. There was no need cause Canada's loyalty does no on her trade relations. (Chee

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

CONTAINS NO Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.

MANUFACTURER OF THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN,—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

ere are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district, or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man were to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every equestion that came up, no man, however clever a statesmen he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to unrestricted reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the over-production of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by begging for reciprocity from the United States, as they have doing lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis, and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and would continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to stand by ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I am not, and I trust and believe that relatively few in Canada are. The land of Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us stand under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and enterprise build up in time a nation as great, just as powerful, and just as prosperous as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government in Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury. I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence, I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty, and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese laborer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

Tags in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Suanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government.

If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as nothing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering, I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give the my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interests of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to our coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and a Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BUOYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and Buoys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the Port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interests of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS EARLE.

feb10

F. G. Richards,

JUNIOR,

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

GENUINE SNAPS

— THAT NEED NO —

Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 300 feet water frontage on the Gorge..... $9,500
600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence; two lots; fine corner..... 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner... 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street..... 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each..... 1,900
2 lots; Rithet street; 54x180; each. 925
Lot; Menzie street..... 950
Lot; South Turner..... 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine street, Victoria West; each..... 375
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street..... 5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government..... 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street..... 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay..... 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay.... 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway; easy terms.....

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B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

THE HALL OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY IN Musgrave block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are now invited to visit the rooms. feb17

POLITICAL POINTERS

WHICH THE ELECTORS SHOULD CONSIDER NOW.

The Drill Shed Mr. Prior's Last Straw, Yet He Has Borne Up—A Few Facts and Figures for the Voters to Weigh at the Approaching Election.

Concerning the Old Flag.

The British flag is loved because it is the simbol of freedom. In Canada it is sought to use the British flag to persuade the people to remain in a state of commercial slavery, of bondage to rings, trusts and combines.

The British flag is honored because it is a reminder of the achievements of British pluck. It is sought in this country to make it the peculiar badge of a party which declares that Canadian manufacturers cannot compete with American manufacturers in a fair field with no favor.

The British flag is revered as the symbol of fair play and justice. The men who are prating about it here are the authors and defenders of the gerrymander of 1882, of the Franchise Act of 1885, of the dissolution which deprives over 100,000 young men of the right to vote.

The British flag is respected as the symbol of honor. It is used here to cover boodling, theft of the public resources, theft of the public moneys, dishonesty in public contractors and testimonials by public contractors to Ministers, the sale of a great railway charter for a bribery fund.

The old flag is a symbol of law and order. It is used here by the party among whose honorable traditions are the burning of the Parliament buildings and the rewarding of the incendiaries.

The old flag is a symbol of loyalty. It is trailed in the dirt here by the party whose members rotten-egged the representative of her Majesty in Canada.

A Borrowing Decade.

Mr. White who has just received the Conservative nomination for Cardwell, is the gentleman who said in the house:—"I say that, taking the banking system of Canada as operated during the last fifteen or twenty years, it has never been fully tested, and I will tell you why. The reason is because the government, the railways, municipal and other corporations have been constantly borrowing money abroad. The Dominion government during the last fifteen years or thereabouts have borrowed some $200,000,000; the Canadian Pacific have borrowed many millions; the Grand Trunk and other railways have borrowed largely; the Provincial governments have followed the same course, as have also our municipal corporations. . . . To-day it is no exaggeration of the facts to say that at least $25,000,000 have actually to be sent out of the country each year, either in the shape of goods or of gold or foreign bills, for interest alone, in payment of interest on amounts borrowed abroad, and we know the amounts are not sent in goods or gold.

The Old Flag Shout

A good many people wonder what so much shouting for the old flag on the part of the Tories means in an election involving not the question of an allegiance, but important questions of public policy. The explanation that the Tories are always ready to shout for "the old flag and an appropriation," does not seem to quite cover the emergency. In a speech in Halifax the other day, Hon. A. G. Jones, in relating the following incident, furnished what may be regarded as the true explanation:

"In a building out west on one occasion they had all the walls covered with British flags, and a little boy asked his father the following question:

"Why have they so many flags on the walls, father?

"Well, my son, said the old man, it is to cover up the dirty spots."

That is it exactly. This shouting for the old flag is intended to distract attention from the numerous and malodorous scandals which have grown up under the present administration, and have made Canada's name a by word.

A Record of False Promises.

Sir John Macdonald, in addressing a mass meeting of his supporters in the James street amphitheater, Toronto, on May 30, 1882, said:

"I tell you—and this is not a matter of supposition, but of certainty and knowledge on my part—that there are millions of dollars in England waiting to be invested in Canada, millions in England and large sums in the United States waiting to come to Canada, waiting to be invested in every kind of industry, in mines and in manufactures of every kind; but the capitalists say, 'Your Opposition say that your policy is only the result of a temporary madness on the part of the people of Canada in 1878, because times were bad then, and that it will be reversed at the next election.' Capitalists—men who have by hard work and great industry, but by slow degrees, collected capital—are naturally timid with reference to the investments they make. They do not like to put their money in an uncertain enterprise, and they have written to me and to Sir Leonard Tilley, chiefly, saying: 'We are ready to invest large sums of money. Canada is a great field for enterprise; it is a country of all others where manufactures can be most successfully introduced and carried on, but we are told by Mr. Mackenzie that protection is a national folly and a national crime, and that it must be abandoned.'"

Sir Leonard Tilley, then finance minister, speaking at Ottawa on May 25, 1882, said:

"Gentlemen, if the people do, as we have no doubt they will, record their votes in favor of the present government, then we will find capital pouring in. When I have been in other parts of the country—in the United States and elsewhere—and have come in contact with capitalists in all directions, there is no uncertainty as to the course which this country will pursue. There are many industries that will be established the moment this question is settled, and I do not hesitate to say, so far as the National Policy is concerned, that not only will it be sustained by the people, but if any change is made it will be in the direction of more protection."

These are the speeches as reported in the chief trade restrictionist organ.

Well may we ask what came of these pledges? Where are the millions that were to be invested? The record is one of broken pledges, as we all know.

The same men promise again. Can they be trusted?

There is an old proverb that fitly applies here: "Cheat me once, shame you; cheat me twice, shame me." The end of this wholesale deception and combine rule has surely come. When we have the wider market of the continent then the millions will pour in.

The Liberal Platform.

In an interview Mr. Laurier was asked what answer he had for the cry that unrestricted reciprocity would lead to annexation. Mr. Laurier said: "My answer is that the cry is absurd. I never saw any statement from the lips of those men who are so loyal at this moment setting forth in what way unrestricted reciprocity would lead to annexation. If we have unrestricted reciprocity the Canadian people will then as now have the right to vote, and they can exercise it either for or against annexation, just as they pleased. I suppose the meaning of the objection, unexpressed though it be, is that unrestricted reciprocity would make the Canadian people so prosperous that not satisfied with a commercial alliance, they would at once sign for a political union. If that be the objection, I must confess that from previous experience I think it is well taken from the Tory point of view. If they are afraid that they cannot resist Yankee blandishments it may be so, but so far as the Liberals are concerned their loyalty springs from the heart, and they will not swerve from their allegiance and what they consider the path of duty from any mercenary considerations. As far as the Liberals of all shades of opinion are concerned I have no fear."

In reply to the question, "Will unrestricted reciprocity lead to direct taxation?" he replied:—"The Tories say so; they say so many things, and I am at a loss to understand their arguments, because they jump at conclusions without laying down any premises. Of course unrestricted reciprocity would cause a decrease in the taxation of the country to that extent. In my opinion the equilibrium could be re-established by a retrenchment in expenditure and by a remodelling of the tariff, which would not lay upon the Canadian people any greater burden than is now borne, and which would be collected in the same way that revenue has always been collected."

Replying to the third important question, "Have you made a bargain with Mr. Mercier to increase the provincial subsidy by $400,000 per annum if he gives you a majority in Quebec?" Mr. Laurier replied:—"I have learned this from the Tory press, but I never heard of it before."

His "Last Straw."

Col. Prior has the drill shed fever "bad." In his billet doux to Sir John he says:—This drill hall business is the last straw for me. I have told everybody that the House had voted the money for it, and that the plans would be here shortly for me to show them. Many expressed a belief that the Dominion Government would yet find some excuse not to expend the money here, but I could not believe it. However, it is apparent even to me, that such is now the case. I therefore wish to tell you Sir John, without any bitter feeling at all, that unless this drill hall is gone on with *at once*, and on the plans that were shown me in Ottawa, and were initialled by Sir Adolphe, that I shall call a public meeting, explain the whole matter, and resign my seat.

And yet the Colonel did no such thing. He bore up under the last straw, although it had broken the political camel's back, when Sir John told him that the delay (till after the elections) would not materially prejudice the advancement of Victoria. "Hang on by your teeth," says the old man, "and enable me, by another automat'c vote to die in power."

To

Purify your blood,
Build up your nerves,
Restore your strength,
Renew your appetite,
Cure scrofula, salt rheum,
Dyspepsia, sick headache,
Catarrh, rheumatism or malaria—
Take Hood's Sarsaparilla,
100 Doses One Dollar.

Advertisers Take Notice.

"Darling," said he, with wondrous tenderness, while the emotions of doubt and love choked his utterance, "could you be willing to leave your splendid and luxurious surroundings, where a more than oriental magnificence is yours, to share my lot with me?"

"Yes, dearest," she replied, as she returned his fervent embrace, "provided always that your lot is one of those sold by Bourchier, Croft & Mallotte."

NOTICE.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company has again started running the afternoon trains on Saturdays and Mondays.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

DURING REBUILDING

H. L. SALMON,

Smokers' Provider,

— HAS —

Removed to 111 Government St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE.

All Smokers articles at cost on account of lack of room. ja27-3m

Bargains in Clothing

AND

Underclothing.

Being about to retire from business my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Trunks and Valises, and Hats are selling 30 per cent. below the usual price.

For sale or to let the well known stand with fixtures situated at 44 Yates street.

LEWIS LEWIS.

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DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder.

Most Perfect Made

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—
Superior to every other known.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes
Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

CAPE ULSTERS

And Overcoats

—IN—

Men's, Youths'
Boys' and Children's

The Largest and Finest Assortment in the city. Every Coat a Bargain.

W. J. JEFFREE

40 YATES STREET.

For PERFECT VISION

—USE—

"B. LAURANCE" SPECTACLES

A complete assortment of these goods now on hand at

John Teague, Jr.'s, 57 Yates St.

We charge no fancy prices, and guarantee a glass accurately adjusted to any sight.

Nov25 1m

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C

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Electric Bells

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CENTRAL BOOK STORE,

ALL THE LATEST BOOKS.

Books and Stationery

AND ALL THE NEWEST NOVELTIES.

COMPLETE LINES OF PAPER.

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Coal New Wellington Coal.

T. J. LINDSAY,
124 Government street,
TELEPHONE no6

Woo

STEAMBOATS.

FOR THE NORTH.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

"DANUBE,"

(CAPT. WALBRAN),

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

FOR

Port Simpson and Way Ports

—ON—

Wednesday, February 25th

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserve the right to change this notice at any time without notification.

JNO. IRVING,
Manager.

fe19-td

C. P. N. Co., LD.

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

Steamer

MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS.

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

ON

MONDAY, FEB. 24rd, AT 6 PM.

The company reserves the right of changing this notice without notification.

For freight or passage apply at office the Company.

JNO. IRVING,
Manager.

fe20td

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 11, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail above:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Monday, 3 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Cowichan.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Cowichan for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATN CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13.

Taking effect July 6th.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday, at 9 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Tsatsaqui Islands every Monday at 10 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going Sunday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 20th and 28th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Islaiow leaves Tuesday at 7 a.m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserve the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave on Pacific Time.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.

G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Every five days a steamer for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM C. P. R. WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - Feb. 28rd

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

UNITED

CARRYING British and American mails, will leave Victoria for Sydney, Colonial wharf, foot of Broad street, for the Company's Wharf at 11 A.M.

Folsom st.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday Mar. 10th.
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, April 7, 2 p.m.

For San Francisco, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The fast New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer ALAMEDA will sail for San Francisco THURSDAY, Mar. 5, 1891 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.,
General Agents.

TAPANESE BAZAAR

Just received per S.S. "Abyssinia," Crocodiles, Bows and Arrows, Flower and Bread Baskets, Fancy lined Work Baskets, Table Mats, Lacquered Trays, Leather Cushions, Pictures on Glass, Tea Sets, Saucers, Tea Pots, Gold-Black wood Brackets and Cabinets, Fire Screens, Hand Screens, Four and six-fold Paper Screens, Black and other Silk Hdkfs, Beautifully Embroidered Silk Quilted Bed Covers, Ladies and Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets, Embroidered Flannel Petticoats, A few Tree Peony Plants and Sago Palms, etc., etc.

MERCHANT, FUTCHER & CO

FORT STREET VICTORIA.

DR. R. LEWIS HALL

DENTIST.

Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.

Gas, ether and also latest improved electric anæsthetic used for painless extraction of teeth. Rooms: Ross, Bloch & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street.

Office Hours—9 a.m., to 5 p.m.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sats. and Mon.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sats. and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.	COING NORTH. READ DOWN.
	Ar. 12.01 P.M.	5.30 P.M.		VICTORIA	Dp. 8.00 A.M.	2.30 P.M.		
	12.20	5.41		BURNSIDE	7.41	2.41	1	
	12.30	5.44		GORGE	7.34	2.34	2	
	12.40	5.50		SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7.24	2.24	8	
	11.45 A.M.	5.10		COBBLE HILL	6.44	1.44	14	
	10.50	4.26		MCPHERSON'S	6.14	1.14	17	
	10.31	4.11		KOKSILAH	5.57	12.57	20	
	10.17	3.57		DUNCANS	5.41	12.41	24	
	10.12	3.50		CHEMAINUS	5.34	12.34	27	
	10.00	3.34		LADYSMITH	5.18	12.18	34	
	9.30	2.34		NANAIMO	4.34	11.34	54	
	Dp. 8.54	Ar. 2.00		WELLINGTON	Ar. 4.00	Dp. 11.00	59	
	Ar. 8.10	Dp. 1.30			Dp. 3.30	Ar. 10.15	63	

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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TAKE THE BEST

TOURISTS FAVORITE LINE

Canadian Pacific Ry.

Through fast trains leave Vancouver daily for all points east and south; $5 to $10 lower than other lines.

Excursion tickets available for six months

AT REDUCED RATES

To New York, Boston, Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and other points with choice of routes.

MERCHANTS

Will find it to their advantage to have all freight routed via this line.

For Maps, Rates, Sleeping Car Accommodation, apply in person or by letter to

A. CAMERON,
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Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Agt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver

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FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES.—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON,
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121 First St., cor Washington, Portland Or
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Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
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Victoria, B. C.

jan7

QUICK TIME!!!

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—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

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Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

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The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

NEWS FROM NANAIMO.

Gems of Information Picked Up in the Black Diamond City.

BOYCOTTING NANAIMO.

A carload of furniture arrived in Nanaimo consigned to Dunsmuir's store at Wellington, also twenty-one cases of boots and shoes. It is alleged that the importation of the furniture has been undertaken for the purpose of boycotting Nanaimo. Our local boot and shoe factory appears to have been ignored, to judge by the number of cases imported from eastern factories. It is well known the company have greatly reduced the prices of goods sold at the store in order to encourage the inhabitants of Wellington to refrain from purchasing in Nanaimo.

The summons issued against Mr. F. D. Little, Superintendent of the Union collieries, for employing Chinese in the mines contrary to the act, will be heard before Judge Harrison, who goes to Comox for that purpose next week. The outcome of the proceedings will be watched in Nanaimo with great interest, as the majority of the citizens are more or less interested in the result.

WANTED BY THE POLICE.

It appears it is customary for the men employed at the Wellington mines to carry a loaded weapon when venturing into the city of Nanaimo. Three of these individuals visited the city on Wednesday, and the manner in which they were talking, drew the attention of a few of the union men. One of the union men observed a revolver upon the person of one of the men, and accordingly gave information to the police, but before the latter arrived on the scene the delinquent had decamped.

LA GRIPPE IN NANAIMO.

The dread plague known as "la grippe" has again made its appearance in Nanaimo, and quite a number of the inhabitants have been attacked by it. If the inhabitants of Wellington are troubled with it again in a similar manner to what they were last year, it will more effectually decrease the output of the mines than any other known cause.

OPPOSED TO GAMBLING.

One of Nanaimo's leading citizens, who while gambling a few weeks ago lost so much that he swore he would never play again. A friend hearing the statement expressed his doubts as to its being good. The loser said "If you see me playing cards again you are at liberty to take my money." He did not keep his resolution long, for last night his friend arrived on the scene just as he raked in a twenty dollar pot. The friend picked up the money lying on the table and coolly put it in his pocket, nor could he be induced to give it up as he said he was strongly opposed to gambling.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

A Few Clippings of Interest from the Inland Sentinel.

It is expected that the new saw mill at Okanagon Mission will be in operation early in March next.

A party of prospectors are at work at the head of Grohman creek, and are hopeful of good results. The formation of ledges is granite, with quartz carrying galena, and so far promises to yield a good return.

Ice cutting on the Thompson River at Kamloops was begun on Monday last, and has been pursued with vigor since. The ice is of excellent quality. The threatened ice famine is thus averted.

It is reported that a high-class limerock has been discovered on Richardson's ranch, at Deep Creek in the neighborhood of Enderby. Samples of the rock are pronounced first-class by competent judges.

Mr. W. J. Roper, one of the oldest and most extensive of our interior ranchers, has sold out his property at Cherry Creek and is about to leave for the Old Country. The price is said to be $100,000, the purchaser being Mr. Burchall, Drumkeel.

On Monday night there was a party of about 50 tobogganing on the hill near the C. P. R. station at Revelstoke. The slide was in splendid condition and the tobogganists enjoyed themselves until nearly midnight. The moon gave a liberal light for the occasion.

Samples of the brick-clay found at Enderby have been analysed, and are proved to be of a very high order. The brick-kiln, shut down for the present, will be at work again as soon as the weather opens up. The railway communication, which it is hoped will be completed by May, will probably make the Enderby brick a very important article.

An ice-jamb in the Kicking Horse has caused somewhat of a serious inundation at Golden. Efforts were made to cut a channel through the ice, but the work had not the desired effect, as the water burst up and flooded the town to a depth of three feet in some places. Considerable damage was done to property.

Father Pondozy, the late pioneer missionary of Okanagon was interred last week, all the Indians of the district as well as the white settlers attending the funeral. Deceased is succeeded by Rev. Father Carillon as principal of the mission. Father Carillon has been at work in the district for some years, and is well and favorably known.

The people of Nelson have decided to make provision against fire, by constructing a water-works system. The water is brought from Ward Creek, and empties into tanks on Baker and Vernon streets. It is estimated that the cost of the work will be about $1,000, which will be borne by the property holders.

The mining prospects for the coming season in the Kootenay district are reported exceptionally good. The Silver King and the Kootenay Bonanza mines are said to be unsurpassed for mineral wealth. In fact all the claims on Toad Mountain are well spoken of by the experts who have recently examined them. Work is being proceeded with on the sinking of Silver King tunnel, and good pay is been made.

This Evening's Entertainments.

This evening Dr. Ernest Hall will lecture on the "Germs" in the Gorge road Methodist church. The lecture which is to be illustrated with colored plates will be both interesting and instructive.

In the Pandora street Methodist church this evening the Epworth League will hold an entertainment that by the names on the programme promises to be a treat of the very best kind. Those who will assist in the entertainment are:—Mrs. Hall, Miss Beeton, Miss Leigh, Miss McGregor, Miss Durham, Miss L. Dunington, Miss A. Cusack, Miss Jameson, Miss Spencer, Miss Stafford and Miss Humber, and Messrs. John Boyd, J. G. Brown, Grant and H. Kent.

Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., is chairman, and Mr. Thos. Deasy secretary of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's general committee. You'll find the rooms at 106 Yates street, next the Clarence.

Object to Whitechapel.

The Board of Aldermen of the city of Seattle have passed resolutions objecting to the word Whitechapel being used in describing a part of that city devoted to the lower classes. The idea is that the word will lead outsiders to think that Seattle is even worse than it is.

Vancouver Opera.

An opera, the scene of which is laid in Vancouver, has been composed by Mr. W. M. Cross. The text has been written by Mr. Buntzen, and is a comique in two acts. The title is "The Mandarin." The first act is supposed to take place directly after the great fire of 1887, while the second represents a masquerade ball at the Hotel Vancouver. The piece will take about two hours and a half from the rise to the fall of the curtain.

Victoria Still the Popular Resort.

Mr. J. D. Thomas, one of Butte, Montana's wealth and influential citizens, who has been in the city for some time, enjoying its many natural advantages, is so well pleased with Victoria that he has bought, through F. G. Richards, jr., a beautiful residential site, 180 feet by 240 feet on Dallas road. Mr. Thomas intends erecting a fine residence on his property during the coming summer. The consideration money being in the vicinity of $7,000.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

"The Jersey Lily."

Is what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

ANGLESEA COTTAGE, L.B., July 2.

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
LILLIE LANGTRY.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

PASSENGERS

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—Henry Mathers, Chas Conway, G F Leaper, Capt W Powers, J J Lontet, Thos Campbell, R F Keefer, O H Goodwin, H Lawson, W J Rice, H A Luther, J Hopper, F G Cotton, Carey, C S Douglass, Chas Worseling, Miss Smith, W. T. Kennedy, Geo Anderson, Hanson Firth, Geo Oliver, E V Bodwell, Geo Hayes, A D Rand, A Randall.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—Lowen & Erb, H Young & Co, F Gamble, Stevens & Jenkins, C Strouss, Order, E J Salmon, W J Jeffrey, Geo Parker, J Sehl, H Mansell, S Leiser, D Spencer, J Piercy & Co, R Coutts, Dom Exp Co.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, ELLEN JOHNSON, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.

Dated Feb. 5, 1891. fe6-1m

COME AND SEE

THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest art Japanese Parlor in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have

Respectfully Yours,

"ROKUBAN,"

NEW JAPANESE STORE,

150 Government street near Johnson.

fe13-1m

CHEAP LOTS

Lot James Bay $550; $100 cash and balance on time.
Lot Chatham street; party can build and pay for lot in two years.
4 Lots, $375 each; five minutes walk from tram cars; $10 per month.
Small House and Lot $1000.
Lot Esquimalt Road $700.
6 Acres Lake Hill District $400 per acre, close to proposed Tram Car line.
Lot Fernwood Estate very easy terms.
House and Lot James Bay; $2650.
10 roomed House and 1 acre of land, $5000; easy terms.
5½ acres of land, Lake Hill District, beautiful garden land $500 per acre.

A. TOLLER, 18 Broad St.

feb 18-tf

Dyspepsia

Intense Suffering for 8 years—Restored to Perfect Health.

Few people have suffered more severely from dyspepsia than Mr. E. A. McMahon, a well known grocer of Staunton, Va. He says: "Before 1878 I was in excellent health, weighing over 200 pounds. In that year an ailment developed into acute dyspepsia, and soon I was reduced to 162 pounds, suffering burning sensations in the stomach, palpitation of the heart, nausea, and indigestion. I could not sleep, lost all heart in my work, had fits of melancholia, and for days at a time I would have welcomed death. I became morose, sullen and irritable, and for eight years life was a burden. I tried many physicians and many remedies. One day a workman employed by me suggested that I take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it had cured his wife of dyspepsia. I did so, and before taking the whole of a bottle I began to feel like a new man. The terrible pains to which I had been subjected, ceased, the palpitation of the heart subsided, my stomach became easier, nausea disappeared, and my entire system began to tone up. With returning strength came activity of mind and body. Before the fifth bottle was taken I had regained my former weight and natural condition. I am today well and I ascribe it to taking Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Intense Suffering 8 Years

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE

TWO NIGHTS

Monday & Tuesday Feb. 23, 24.

Special engagement of the celebrated and latest eastern success

"THE VOLUNTEER"

A military drama of thrilling interest founded on facts of the late rebellion.

A Carload of Scenery is carried

A real genuine balloon is used on the stage in the grand transformation scene.

The most realistic play ever produced.

USUAL PRICES.

Sale of seats begins Friday morning at Waitt's bookstore. fe19 td

FIRST GRAND

CONCERT

To be given under the auspices of the

EPWORTH LEAGUE,

In the Lecture Room of the

Pandora Ave. Methodist Church,

— ON —

Monday Evening, Feb. 23rd.

Some of the best local talent has been engaged for the occasion, and will be assisted by late arrivals from the east.

Admission 50c. Children 25c.

fe21-td

GRAND CONCERT

— BY THE —

Choir of the First Presbyterian Church

In aid of Victoria West Presbyterian mission, under direction of Mr. J. G. Brown, assisted by leading local talent, vocal and instrumental

— IN THE —

VICTORIA WEST HALL,

— ON —

Tuesday Evening, 24th Instant,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Admission 50c. Street cars to and from Church. fe18-td

Ye Olde Folks Concert

WILL OPEN THE

VICTORIA LYCEUM

WEDNESDAY EV'G FEB. 25.

Under the leadership of Mr. A. J. Clyde. Among those who have kindly consented to take part are Mrs. Clyde, Mrs. Spofford, Mrs. Bodley, Miss O'Neill, Miss Beeton, Miss Powell, Miss Leigh, Miss Humber, Miss Berridge, Miss Miss Jamison and Miss Dunnington, Mr. Webber, Mr. Barham, Mr. Mann, Mr. Tomlin, Mr. McGuire, Mr. Russell and the Victoria Glee Club.

Ye singers will be in tune by viii of ye clocke. Alle in ye olden tyme dresses. Admission 50c. Tickets on sale at Lombard & Co.'s 71 Government street. fe18-td

A CUP OF GOOD COFFEE

— BOILING HOT —

Is Just the thing for this weather.

A good square dinner for 25c. s still better at the ELITE.

fe21-tf AMORSE

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO Tuesday the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for supplying uniforms for the police force.

Specification may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By Order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's office. C. M. C.
February 20th, 1891.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

LLOYD LLOYD

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

mar19 Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

A. W. MORE & CO., INSURANCE AND EXCHANGE BROKERS REAL ESTATE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We buy and sell drafts on all the principal cities of Canada, Europe and the United States, at the Most Favorable Rates. We also buy and sell Stocks and Shares.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We offer the following bargains to investors in real estate:—

2 Lots, Oak Bay avenue	$400 and $450	Corner Lot, Douglas street	14,000	Lot on Dallas road	1,600
2 Lots, Belcher avenue, each	$450	1 House, North Chatham street	3,000	Corner Lot between Douglas and Govt.	11,000
4 Houses, James Bay, each	1,900	House and Stables, etc., 1 1-10 acres, do.	5,500		
1 House, James Bay	3,750	Lots, Burnside road, each	325		
1 House, "	2,650	Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, per acre	300		
2 Lots, Beacon Hill, each	1,000	Acreage, Saanich road	$300 to $1,500		
47½ Acres, Fowl Bay road, per ½ acre	400	54 Acres, cleared, Esquimalt road	7,000		
3 Lots in Anacortes, each	300	2 Lots in Port Townsend, each	400		

We have also a choice list of property for sale in ABERDEEN, the most active and prosperous city on Gray's Harbor, and in South Bend, on Willapa Harbor, the Pacific Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway.

Money to Loan on Mortgage; City Agents for the Caledonian Insurance Co.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng.; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo.

fe11-6m

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

is the Purest and Quickest Washing Powder known. Ask your Grocer for it.

ONE POUND PACKAGE 20 CTS., OR 3 FOR 50 CTS.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

MUNICIPAL.

Dogs at Large.

The public are requested to take notice that all dogs found at large within the city limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year, will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Jan28-1m

MUNICIPAL.

PERSONS sending in communications to the City Council in future, are hereby requested to take notice that such communications should be sent in to the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock on Tuesday of each week, otherwise they may not be considered by the Council at its regular meeting on the Wednesday evening following.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891. 129 C.M.C.

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally located, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, warmed with hot air, very easy to enter and leave, comfortable seats will be provided for about 600 persons, now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to

fe10-1m A. DeCOSMOS.

MUNICIPAL.

THE By-Laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, complete to date, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned upon the payment of $2 per copy.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891.

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

Cash Price, $8 per ton of 2,000 lbs., delivered to consumers.

"Nanaimo" Coal, price $7 per ton, can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

Do You Want to Buy a Farm?

We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.

Do You Want to Sell a Farm?

Write or call on T. G. Rayner, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.

Do You Want a Building Site?

Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never [illegible] in property that decreases in value. No Lottery, No Wild-cat Speculation. All Genuine Business.

T. G. RAYNER.

Real Estate Broker, Fire and Life Insurance, Notary Public.

BANK BUILDING, TROUNCE AVE.

fe12

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.

Victoria, Dec 11, 1890. de12-tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My health having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring on your wagons, carriages, and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Sluicemen and Quarrymen

We have the largest stock in the Province. Tools also for trades.

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

WM. POWELL.

BARGAINS IN LOTS TO SUIT EVERY ONE

ON THE ESQUIMALT ROAD CAR LINE.

Cleared Lots, Timbered Lots, Rocky Lots, Water Lots

Prices from $300 to $1,000---Terms ¼ Cash; balance in 2 years.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 48 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 22, 1891.

	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
21				
1 p.m	29.0	29.51	N by E	Fair
6 p.m	30.0	29.44	"	
10 p.m	27.0	29.27		Cloudy
22				
6 a.m	27.5	29.11	N N E	Cloudy
1 p.m	29.0	29.0	"	Fair

Temperature—Highest, 30; lowest, 27.

Victoria, B. C. Feb. 23, 1891.

22				
1p.m.	29.0	29.0	N N E	Overcast.
6p.m.	26.0	28.91	"	Snowing
10p.m.	26.0	28.88		Overcast
23				
6a.m.	27.0	29.88	N N E	Snowing
1p.m.	31.0	29.0	N	Cloudy

Temperature—Highest, 31 lowest, 26.

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's chief Committee Rooms are at 100 Yates street, in the Barron block, next the Clarence.

The Last Week

Of the great annual Boot & Shoe Sale at Russell, McDonald & Co., 134 Douglas street.

Special Notice.

Ladies are invited to inspect the latest novelties in black and colored jackets just received. Also a few elegant wraps and ulsters suitable for the present and spring seasons, including the 42nd Lorne and Fife tartans. All marked at low prices to insure a clearance.

BROWN & WHITE. 1m.

Independent meeting to-night at Esquimalt. The candidates will Speak. Mr. Templeman and Marchant.

For the Bay City.

The steamer City of Puebla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following passengers from this port: Wm. Dalby and daughter, Mrs. Carey and daughter, Mrs. Grady, Mrs. Dunham, Miss Wentworth, Miss Hind, Mrs. F. Howard, H. Bonstein, H. A. Lilley, Joseph Fox, Geo. Lister.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Independent meeting in Victoria West Hall on Friday evening. Chair taken at eight o'clock.

Political Meetings

The Independent Candidates

W. Templeman and W. Marchant

— AND OTHERS —

Will address the Electors in

Blue Ribbon Hall, Esquimalt

TO-NIGHT AT 7:30

And in Temperance Hall, Victoria West, Friday evening, 27th at 7:30.

Messrs. Earle and Prior are invited.

AUCTION SALE.

Owing to the large amount of Goods received for sale, we are obliged to hold a SPECIAL SALE of all

KINDS OF MERCHANDISE, ETC,

On Tuesday Next, 24 inst.,

at 7 p. m. and in future will sell every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening at 7 p. m.

MORTIMER & COMPANY,

Auctioneers and Commission Sale Rooms,
feb23-1w 122 Government Street.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned until Saturday noon, 28th instant, for the erection and completion of a frame residence for Mrs. S. Cave, on lot 6, Richmond Avenue, opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information may be obtained by applying to the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDWARD McCOSKRIE,
Architect, Belmont Block, Yates St.
feb23-1d Victoria, B. C.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

DIED.

WOOTTON—In this city, on the 22nd instant, Henry H., only son (posthumous) of the late Henry H. Wootton, aged five months.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17 1889.*

NASAL BALM

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, your have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Ease, for warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. NASAL BALM is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO.,
Brockville, Ont.

NEVER FAILS. CURES COLD IN HEAD AND

CATARRH

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. o25-tf

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION SALE.

Myers Addition to Pt. Angeles

— WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION —

AT 74 YATES STREET

— ON —

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

FEB. 24, 25 and 26th

Every Evening at 7:30

This Addition is One of the most suitable pieces of Property for residential purposes in Callam Co.

For further particulars apply to

J. MYERS,

Auctioneer,

74 Yates St.
fe23-1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUT NOT YOUR TRUST

IN PRICES.

They are deceitful above all things, and DESPERATELY CROOKED.

PRICE AND VALUE

are not equivalent, though some people seem to confound the two. We have set our feet down solidly on

THE ROCK OF QUALITY,

and we won't be dared into fighting shadows; for these so called "LOW PRICES" are but shadows, and can't have the substance of QUALITY at their back.

OUR BOAST AND PRIDE IS

QUALITY.

Nothing leaves our store that is not First-Class, and we find First-Class Quality brings First-Class Custom. We shall never lack that, and we want no other.

THE BEST GOODS

are CHEAPEST in the long run, judged by Waste, Wear or Worth. That's what we sell.

Men's, Youth's and Boys' Clothing, &c., &c.

Mechanics' Cash Clothing Store.

55 Johnson Street.

CHIMNEYS

Cleaned and repaired. Orders left at L. Dickinsons' grocery store, opposite City Hall, or at No. 23 St. Louis street will be promptly attended to. fe23-1m EDWARD BLAIR.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of John Weller, prior to January 31st are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of

WEILER BROS.

Victoria, Feb. 20, 1891. fe21-2w

NOTICE.

All supporters of Messrs. Prior and Earle are invited to attend a meeting on Monday evening, the 23rd inst., at 8 p.m., in the Committee Rooms, corner of Fort and Government sts., over Morrison's Drug Store.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y.

Dated Feb. 20, 1891.
feb21

NOTICE.

Messrs. Prior and Earle will address the Electors of Victoria City and District as follows:

Wednesday the 25th inst., Victoria Theatre, at 8 p.m.

Friday, the 27th inst., Esquimalt, at 8 p.m.

Saturday, the 28th inst., Parson's Bridge, at 6 p.m.

Monday, the 2nd, March, Cedar Hill, at 6 p.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y

feb21

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monashee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices.

ja12-t

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

AUCTION SALE.

I am instructed by Mr. Haskin to sell at his place of business

58 FORT STREET

His stock of clothing, furnishings, jewelry, small express wagons, etc., etc.

Monday, Feb. 23rd at 7:30 p.m.

NO RESERVE.

J. MYERS,
Auctioneer.

fe21-1d

HEADQUARTERS FOR CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, Victoria West	$850
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	550
Lot, Esquimalt Road, " "	440
Lot, Hereward Road, " "	350
Lot, Parry Street, James Bay	850
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	350
Eight Acres Good Land Near City, per acre	175

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

30 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.